

# The American Genealogist

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## THE AMERICAN GENEALOGIST

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# THE AMERICAN GENEALOGIST

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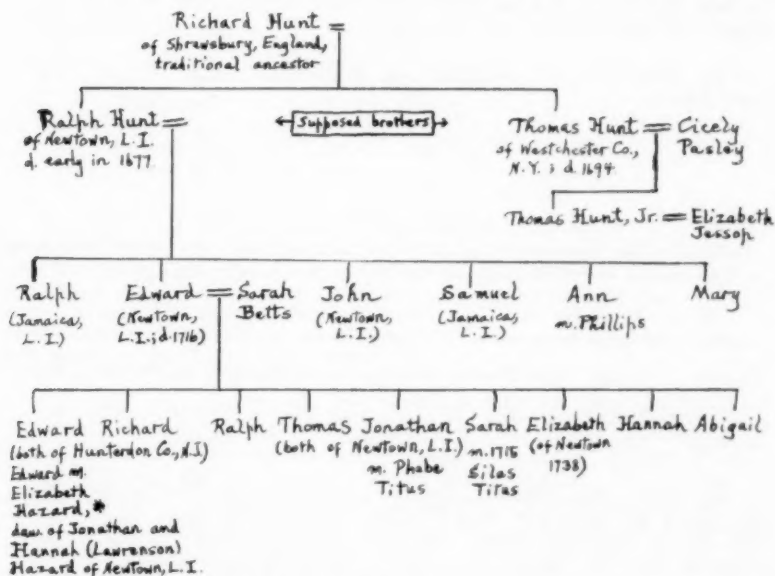
January, 1950

## CORRECTED GENEALOGY OF RALPH HUNT OF NEWTOWN, L.I., NEW YORK

Contributed by Lewis D. Cook, Philadelphia, Pa.

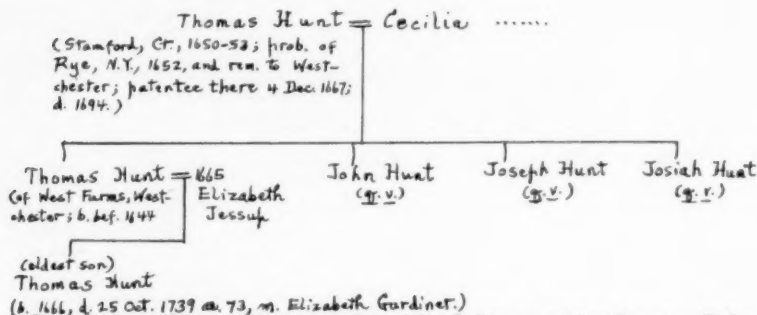
Diagrams of the statements pertinent to the subject, from the following numbered bibliography, precede a documented account which displays the true facts for the first time in print.

- (1) T. B. Wyman, Jr., Genealogy of Hunt, 1862-3, p.160:



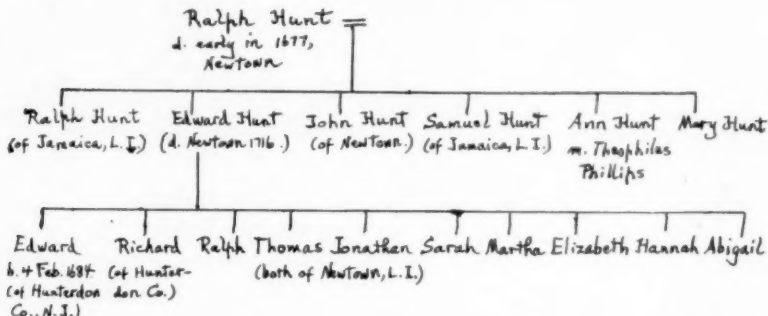
\*Error. Elizabeth Hazard was in fact his step-mother as will be shown hereafter. L.D.C.

(2) New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, XLIII, 115: A. W. Savary, "Lieut. Col. Benjamin Hunt, the Loyalist, his Ancestry....", cites Wyman (*supra*) as "not only obscure in construction but abounds in errors, as it professes to rely on Bolton, History of Westchester County, for the earlier section of the New York line," and proceeds with pedigree:



These three Thomas Hunts confused by Bolton and by Wyman. Bolton shows that the Hunt family came into possession of Hunt's Point in West Farms, by the marriage of Thomas Hunt to the daughter of Edward Jessup and held it 160 years.

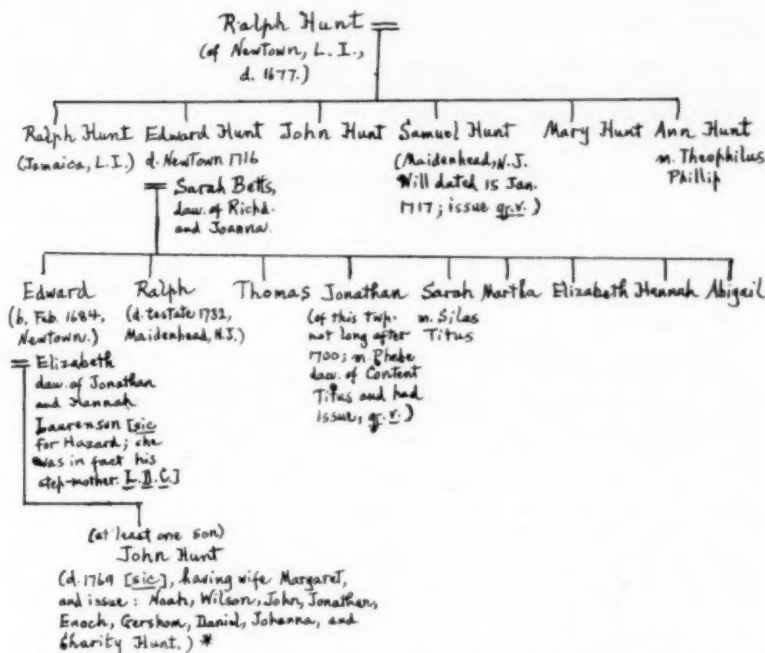
(3) James Riker, Annals of Newtown, L.I., N.Y., 1852, page 85:



(4) Rev. Dr. Eli F. Cooley, Genealogy of The Early Settlers of Trenton and Ewing, Hunterdon Co., N.J., 1883, edited by his son Prof. Wm. S. Cooley, and arranged for printer by the latter's niece, Hannah L. Cooley, in 1882 "without any previously acquired skill in the ordinary compilation of family lineage, other than as accurate copyist," from the originals compiled 1839-1842, says



publisher's preface, and this unique work on the genealogy of its region is almost entirely undocumented and unreliable.



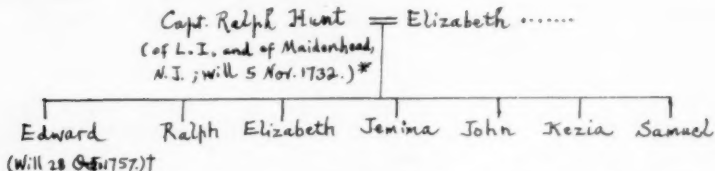
\*Correction by contributor: John Hunt "of Hopewell, N.J." and Margaret Moore were married 8 Feb. 1714 per register of Presbyterian Church of Newtown, L.I. The will of John Hunt of Hopewell, Hunterdon Co., N.J., dated 11 Feb. 1740/1 and proved 1 Oct. 1748, names eldest son Wilson, 2nd son Jonathan, wife Margaret, daughters Johanna and Charity, sons John and Noah, sons Gershom, Daniel and Enoch. (N.J. Archives, XXX.)

(5) Rev. George Hale, History of the Presbyterian Church of Hopewell at Pennington, N.J., 1876, pages 39 and 42: narrative accounts of some "London" Ralph Hunt, "Stony Brook" Ralph Hunt, and an Edward Hunt "of quite another family"; no dates or documentary identifications.

(6) Anne McIlvaine, Hunt Family of Hopewell, N.J., in W. M. Mervine's Genealogical Register, 1913, vol. 1 (only), page 76: insists that John Hunt who married Margaret Moore, daughter of Benjamin and Anna (Sackett) Moore of Newtown, L.I., came to America 1708, resided on

Long Island, where he met his wife, and removed with others to Hopewell, N. J., where he died testate 1745 [sic], was son of one John Hunt of Hams in Chudleigh, Devonshire, England, by wife Elizabeth Chudleigh, and not as stated in Cooley, (4) supra.

(7) Ralph Ege, Pioneers of Old Hopewell, N.J., 1908, pages 87-95: cites "The Family of Hunt, 1860," quotes Riker, both supra, and adds:



\*Addenda by contributor: The will of Captain Ralph Hunt of Maidenhead, Hunterdon Co., N.J., Gentleman, dated 5 Nov. 1732, proved 9 Feb. 1732/3, names wife Elizabeth, eldest son Edward Hunt, to whom is devised 150 acres in Hopewell; second son Ralph, a minor, he to pay legacies to testator's eldest daughter Jemima Hunt, daughter Kezia, and son John; third son Samuel, he to pay legacy to testator's daughter Elizabeth Hunt when he is 25; fourth son John, aged under 30; and appoints wife Elizabeth, Maj. Alex. Lockhart of Hopewell, Esq., and Theophilus Phillips, Esq., executors. On 20 Jan. 1732/3, Theophilus Phillips renounced the appointment as co-executor, and on 24 Oct. 1734 Elizabeth Phillips late Elizabeth Hunt the executrix testified to accuracy of the inventory. (N.J. Archives, XXX, 256.) Elizabeth widow of Capt. Ralph Hunt of Maidenhead married secondly, in 1733-4, Philip Phillips (ca. 1706-1773), son of Theophilus Phillips (b. 15 May 1673, d. 1709), of Maidenhead, N.J. (See Phillips outline in A. V. Phillips, Lott Family, 1942, p.158.)

†But cf. will of Edward Hunt "son of Ralph Hunt of Maidenhead, deceased," dated 12 Sept. 1741. (N.J. Archives, XXX, 256.)

#### Revised and Corrected Genealogy of Ralph Hunt

1. Ralph Hunt, of Newtown, L. I., died testate there in February 1676/7. The name of his wife or wives does not appear. She is named as Elizabeth Jessup, daughter of Edward Jessup, in Rev. John Moore of Newtown, L. I., 1903, page 182, but this is an error as shown in the well documented account by H. G. Jessup, Edward Jessup of West Farms, Westchester Co., N. Y., 1887, page 172, and the said Elizabeth daughter of Edward Jessup married before 1666 Thomas Hunt, Jr., of Westchester County. Compare (2) Savary, supra.

The will of Ralph Hunt of Newtown, Queens Co., L. I., N. Y., dated 12 Jan. 1676/7, with codicil dated 13 Jan. 1676/7, and proved 26 Feb. 1676/7 when administration

thereof was granted to son Edward Hunt, devises: "It is my will to have my son Edward sole executor, and he is to give to his three brothers, as they come of age, their portions by equal divisions"; "as for my daughter Anna's three children, I give to each of them a sheep"; "Captain Betts and John Burroughs to be overseers." Witnesses: Edward Stevenson, John Hayter, Thomas Morell. Codicil: "My daughter Anna shall have as good a portion, with what she hath already, as any of the rest of my children, and as for the red coat she now has in possession, it is to be valued and one-half given to my daughter Mary." [Abstract published in Collections of New York Historical Society, 1892.]

Evidences for two of the three sons mentioned but not named in the above will of Ralph Hunt are as follow:

(1) Assignment dated 20 March 1685 by "Edward Hunt unto my brother John Hunt" [Jamaica Town Records, pub. 1914, II, 326].

(2) The will of Edward Hunt of Newtown, L. I., dated 15 Jan. 1715/16, names "brother Ralph Hunt" [N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, LXV, 322; vide postea].

(3) Assignment dated 5 Aug. 1683, John Hartt "unto my brother-in-law Ralph Hunt" [Jamaica Town Records, supra, 351].

#### Issue of Ralph Hunt:

- 2
  - i. Edward, d. 1715/16, Newtown, L. I., testate.
  - ii. Ralph, of Jamaica, L.I., 1686-92, with wife Susannah (widow Smith); of Maidenhead, N.J., 1700, with wife Susannah. (Jamaica Town Records, II, 394 and 385; N. J. Archives, XXI, 393, 452, 536; XXIII, 433.)
  - iii. John.
  - iv. Samuel, d. 1718-1720, Maidenhead, N.J., testate. (N.J. Archives, XXI, 248.)
  - v. Anna, d. 6 Feb. 1681/2, first wife of Theophilus Phillips of Newtown, L.I. (See The Lott Family, 158, and N.Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, LXIV, 32.)
  - vi. Mary, m. John Hart, who d. 1712-13, Maidenhead, N.J. (See N.Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, XXVI, 175 and 177.)

2. Edward Hunt of Newtown, L. I., son of Ralph Hunt [No. 1], died there testate between 15 Jan. and 29 Feb. 1715/16. He married firstly, Sarah Betts, who died before 16 March 1711, a daughter of Richard Betts of Newtown; and he married secondly, as has not previously been stated in print, Elizabeth Hazard, who died there testate 11 Oct. 1747, a daughter of Jonathan Hazard of Newtown.

The will of Richard Betts of Newtown, Queens Co., N. Y., dated 16 March 1711 and proved 26 Nov. 1713, devises inter alia "to the children of my daughter Sarah Hunt deceased." [Collections of N. Y. Hist. Soc., 1893, page 113.].

The will of Jonathan Hazard of Newtown, Queens Co., N. Y., dated 16 Oct. 1707 and proved 20 Sept. 1711, devises to wife Sarah; son Thomas, he paying £25 to my daughters Elizabeth and Sarah each; son James; son Nathaniel; appoints son Thomas executor. [N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, LXV, 320.] See Hazard family in Gen. John R. Delafield's Genealogy, 1947.

The will of Edward Hunt of Newtown, L. I., Gent., dated 15 Jan. 1715/16 and proved 29 Feb. 1715/16, devises to wife Elizabeth one-third the personal estate, and the portion left to her by her father now in the hands of her brothers Thomas and James Hazard, with the use of a negro man and of the real estate in Newtown during her widowhood or until my son Thomas comes of age, and the use of other lands until my son Jonathan comes of age; a slave to be sold and the proceeds for the benefit of my daughters Elizabeth and Martha; to my son Edward Hunt the land he now lives on in Hunterdon County, also 4 Pounds and a small kettle as his birthright; to son Richard the land he now lives on in Hunterdon County, as divided between him and his brother Edward; to son Thomas the house and land I live on, as divided between him and his brother Jonathan in the presence of James Renne and Nathaniel Hazard, he to pay to his sister Elizabeth 30 Pounds ten years after he comes of age; to son Jonathan the lands Samuel Wright lives on; to son Ralph the land due from my brother Ralph; to daughter Sarah Titus 18 Pounds and a third of said land; to daughter Martha 30 Pounds out of said lands; to daughters Hannah and Abigail the house and lands formerly of Isaac Grey when they come of age; to granddaughter Sarah Reeder 2 Pounds; to daughters Martha, Elizabeth, Hannah, and Abigail, two-thirds of the personal estate; appoints wife sole executrix, with John Hunt and Thomas Hazard as overseers. [Abstracts of Queens County Wills, published in N.Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, LXV, 322; also in Collections of N.Y. Hist. Society, 1893, p. 170.]

"Elizabeth Hunt, widow, died Oct. 11, 1747," according to the register of the Presbyterian Church of Newtown, L. I., published in Collections of the N. Y. Gen. and Biog. Society, VIII, 50.

The unrecorded will of Elizabeth Hunt of Newtown, Queens Co., Nassau Island, N. Y., widow, dated 3 Sept. 1747 and not proved, devises to son Jonathan Hunt, 10 Pounds; to daughter Hannah wife of Thomas Smith of New Jersey, my negro wench Dinah; and the residue of estate to grandchildren: the children of son Jonathan and the children of daughter Hannah (not named); and appoints my brother James Hazard and friend Cornelius Berrian the executors. [Abstracts of Unrecorded Wills in the N. Y. Surrogate's Office, published in Collections of the N.Y. Hist. Society, 1902, p. 176.]

## Issue of Edward Hunt and first wife Sarah Betts:

- i. Edward, b. 4 Feb. 1683/4 (Newtown Town Records, pub. in N.Y. Gen. and Biog. Record, LXIV, 32); of Hunterdon Co., N.J., 1716.
- ii. Richard, of Hunterdon Co., N.J., 1716.
- iii. Ralph, of Maidenhead, Hunterdon Co., N.J.
- iv. Sarah, m. in Jan. 1715 (Presb. Church, Newtown), Silas Titus of Newtown, L.I., who d. 2 Nov. 1748. (Coll. N.Y. Gen. and Biog. Society, VIII, 30; Titus Family in America, 1943, pp. 4 and 7.)
- v. Martha, living 1716; possibly m. one Reeder and had daughter Sarah Reeder named in Edward Hunt's will, supra.

## Issue of Edward Hunt and 2nd wife Elizabeth Hazard:

- vi. Thomas, b. after 1698; possibly by first wife; supposedly d. between 1716 and 1747.
- vii. Jonathan, b. after 1698; living 1747, with issue. (See F. B. Lee, Genealogical and Personal Memorial of Mercer County, N.J., 819.
- viii. Elizabeth, apparently d. between 1716 and 1747.
- ix. Hannah, living 1747, wife of Thomas Smith of New Jersey.
- x. Abigail, b. after 1698; apparently d. between 1716 and 1747. "Deaths: 1747 Aug. 26, Abigail Hunt," Presb. Church Records, Newtown, L.I.

WILLIAM GAYLORD OF WINDSOR, CONN.

A clue to the English origin of William Gaylord of Windsor, Conn., appeared in the genealogical columns of the Hartford (Conn.) Times, in the issue of 24 Dec. 1914. It was discovered by the late C. A. Hoppin and was communicated by him to Mr. Felch, the genealogical editor of that newspaper. It may have been reprinted in subsequent books or journals, but on the chance that it may not have come to general notice, we call attention to it here.

"Lay Subsidy Roll, No. 105-317 for County of Dorset, dated 4 Charles I [1628]: Parish of Whitchurch. Recusant Convict; Ann, the wife of William Gaylerd, viij d." [Tax.]

"William Gaylerd, in lands xl s. [annual income valuation for purposes of taxation], xvi s." [Tax.]

Whitchurch is near Broad Windsor and Symondsburry, the towns for which Windsor and Simsbury in Connecticut were named. The wife of this William Gaylord was evidently a Puritan, since she was convicted of non-conformity and taxed accordingly.

THE CONCORD ODELLS IN ENGLISH RECORDS

By John Nevill, Esq., of New York, N. Y.

In searching the Parish Register of Bromham, Bedfordshire, the writer came upon two marriages which may shed a little more light on the question of the identity of the Odells who came to New England.

These marriages are Richard Odell and Ursula Franklyn on 12 Nov. 1627, and William Odell and Agnes Franklyn on 4 May 1629. They are the only Odell (Wodell) entries in the Bromham Register, which begins in the year 1570. In the same Register are various Franklyn entries, including the following children of William and Ursula Franklyn:

Elizabeth, bp. 1599, d. 1599

Agnes, bp. 9 Apr. 1601

Ursula, bp. 16 Oct. 1603

William, bp. 1606

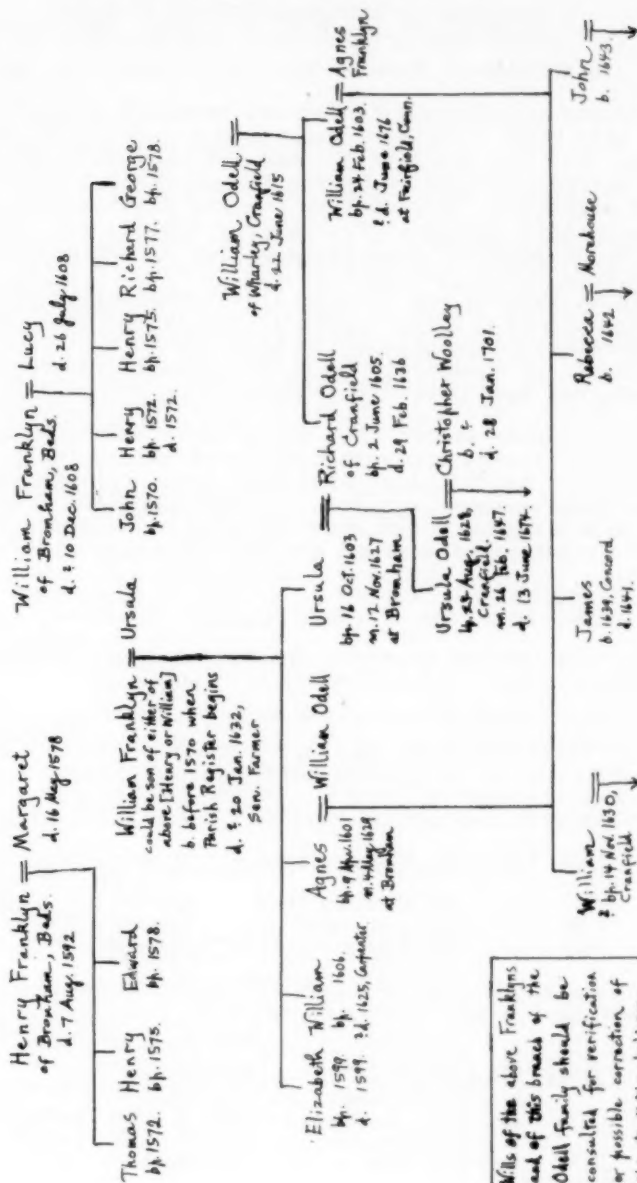
The husbands of the two sisters, Agnes and Ursula Franklyn, were presumably Odells of Cranfield, and quite probably brothers. Richard Odell had a daughter Ursula baptized at Odell, 24 Aug. 1628. Her age is suitable for the Ursula who was married to Christopher Woolley in Concord, Mass., 26 Feb. 1647, and died 13 June 1674. The absence of other Odell entries in Bromham, the relative rarity of the name Ursula, and the fact that Ursula daughter of Richard Odell was baptized in Cranfield between nine and ten months after Richard Odell married Ursula Franklyn in Bromham, combine to make this hypothesis a most probable one.

We find no other children born to this Richard Odell, and a burial of a Richard is given on 29 Feb. 1635/6 in the Cranfield Register, which also records the birth of a William son of William Odell of "Hodges" (baptized 14 Nov. 1630) and no other children of William of "Hodges."

William Odell of "Wharley," Cranfield, who died 22 June 1615, is shown by the Cranfield Register to have had sons William, baptized 24 Feb. 1602/3, and Richard, baptized 2 June 1605. These Odell brothers may well be the William and Richard who married the Franklyn sisters.

It is most unlikely that the young Ursula, under ten years of age, would have gone to New England except with a close relative. The writer suggests that Ursula Odell wife of Christopher Woolley was the daughter of Richard and Ursula (Franklyn) Odell and hence the niece of both William Odell and his wife Agnes Franklyn, and that she came to Concord with her uncle and aunt; and that the said William and Agnes (Franklyn) Odell were in consequence the ancestors of the New England Odells. The pedigree shows graphically the suggested relationships.

TENTATIVE PEDIGREE OF FRANKLYN AND ODELL



Wills of the above Franklins  
and of this branch of the  
Odell family should be  
consulted for verification  
or possible correction of  
this tentative pedigree.



# ANCESTRY OF THE WIFE OF EDMUND RICE

By Archibald F. Bennett, Esq., of Salt Lake City, Utah

Having occasion to reread the valuable articles by the late Mary Lovering Holman in The American Genealogist, Vol. 10, pp. 133-137, and Vol. 15, p. 227, giving the marriage record of Deacon Edmund Rice, I cannot forbear expressing appreciation for the contribution she made on this subject. Mr. Jacobus (*ibid.*, Vol. 11, pp. 14-21) disposed of some false claims regarding the ancestry of Deacon Edmund Rice.

As we have in our Library (The Genealogical Society, Salt Lake City, Utah) a copy of Boyd's Marriage Index, readers may be interested in these entries for Suffolk. It should be understood that the Index gives only year dates, and that standard abbreviations are used for the more common Christian names.

Mrs. Holman proved that the wife of Edmund Rice was Thomasine Frost, christened at Stanstead, Suffolk, 11 Aug. 1600, the daughter of Edward Frost and his wife Thomasine \_\_\_\_\_ (named in his will in 1616). Her maiden name (Belgrave) is shown in this entry from Glemsford parish registers and the Bishop's Transcript of the same:

1585 Frost, Edw. & Tomasin Belgrave Glemsford & B.T.

Thomesine in turn may have been the daughter of the following couple:

1560 Belgrave, Jn & Joanna Strut Glemsford

It is to be noted that the witnesses to the will of Edward Frost of Stanstead were Ambrose Bigges, senior, and Ambrose Bigges, junior. These (one or both) intermarried with members of the Strut family, as witness:

1576	Biggs Amb & Joanna Ipswich	Glemsford (also rec. at Clare)
1591	Amb & Julian Strut	Sudbury All Saints
1599	Amb & An Strut	Glemsford
1614	Amb & Mary Halls	Glemsford

The marriages of children of Edward Frost and Thomasine Belgrave are listed as follows:

## Brides 1601-1625

1605	Frost Eliz & Hen Rice	Stanstead
1612	Alce & Tho Blower	Stanstead & B.T.
1613	An & Laur. Collinge	Bury S. Edms S. Mary
1619	Tomsin & Edm Rise	Bury S. Edms S. Mary
1622	Mary & Jn Skot	Stanstead

(9:204-205)

## Or Brides 1626-1650

1628 Frost Mary & Edm Dod  
(13:199)

Bury S. Edms S. Jas.

## Grooms 1601-1625

1610 Frost Wm &amp; Abi Bowser

Stanstead &amp; B.T.

## Grooms 1626-1650

1627 Frost Edw &amp; Dy Garrad

Nayland

Or

1632 Edw &amp; Fran Row

Bury S. Edms S. Mary

(11:197)

There is a lengthy pedigree of a Belgrave family published in the Visitation of Northumberland appearing in The Genealogist, Vol. 2, pp. 221-223. Earlier generations were living in the counties of Leicestershire and Northampton. A branch could easily have settled in Suffolk.

Attached are all the entries of Belgrave in Boyd's Index for the years 1538 to 1650, indicating the distribution of the family in Suffolk. Note that members of the family later lived in Stanstead.

## Grooms 1538-1600

1560 Belgrave Jn &amp; Joanna Strut

Glemsford

1570 Rob &amp; Mgt ———

Barnham S. Martin B.T.

1575 Rob &amp; Joan Leder

Barnham S. Martin B.T.

1577 Cris &amp; Mgt Osborn

Norton &amp; B.T.

1578 Jn &amp; Eliz Fairfax

Bury M L

1578 Jn &amp; Eliz Fairfax

Bury S. Edms S. Jas.

(1:61)

## Brides 1538-1600

1585 Belgrave Tomsin &amp; Edw Frost

Glemsford &amp; B.T.

1589 Cassandra &amp; Hen Ingram Bury M L

(2:56)

## Grooms 1601-1625

1601 Belgrave Jn &amp; Eliz ———

Barnham S. Martin B.T.

1602 Tho &amp; Sus Fosbrook

Glemsford

1614 Wm &amp; Eliz Carter

Barrow

1617 Jn &amp; Sar Jenkinson

Cavenham &amp; B.T.

(7:43)

## Brides 1601-1625

1603 Belgrave Ann &amp; Wm Jenkin

Cavenham &amp; B.T.

(9:41)

## Grooms 1626-1650

1626 Belgrave Jn &amp; Mgt Bostock

Icklingham

1632 Jacob &amp; Sus Wistock

Stanstead

1643 Chas &amp; Mary Handcock

Cavenham

(11:42)

## Brides 1626-1650

1636 Belgrave Sus &amp; Rob Evered

Stanstead

1640 An &amp; Jn Burges

Stanstead

1632 Belgrave Sus &amp; Tho Dagden

Bury S. Edms S. Mary

(13:45)

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# ANCESTRY OF OBADIAH AND MARY BRUEN

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Contributed by Donald Lines Jacobus, M.A.

Much has been published concerning the Bruen family, and along with much correct and valuable data, certain errors have been embalmed in print. Here we shall bring together some records and facts not readily available to the average amateur genealogist, and in passing we shall examine some of the claims and statements made by various writers in the past, and shall try to arrive at some definite conclusions.

Obadiah Bruen of New London, Conn., and Newark, N.J., held high civil offices in both places and was accorded in the records those titles and marks of respect which indicate "gentle birth" and superior social standing. Many years ago he was identified, though for a long time without actual record proof, as a younger son of John Bruen of Bruen Stapleford, Cheshire, gent., by his second wife, Anne Foxe.

Obadiah Bruen's daughter Hannah married John Baldwin, Jr., of Milford, Conn., and Newark, N.J., son of John Baldwin, Sr., by his first wife Mary. Ten years earlier, in 1653, the second marriage of John Baldwin, Sr., was recorded at Milford, the bride being entered as "Marie [Mary] Brewen daughter of John Brewen of Pequot." There has been a controversy as to her identity. There was no John Bruen of Pequot [New London], and some writers concluded that "John" was an error of the Milford recorder for "Obadiah" and that the two Baldwins, father and son, married two Bruen sisters, daughters of Obadiah. The opposing view was that Mary Bruen was correctly described as daughter of John and that she had settled in New London with her brother, Obadiah. The latter view was reinforced when it was found that Obadiah had a younger half-sister named Mary. The former view is now accepted by informed genealogists, because it has been proved that John Bruen's daughter Mary died young, and also established that Obadiah did have a daughter Mary.

In 1927 several persons sent communications to the genealogical columns of the Boston Evening Transcript, one of these communications being from the writer of the present article. A long reply was published in the issue of 16 April 1928, signed by "Obadiah," which was the pen name of the late Mr. Frank Bruen of Middletown, Conn. Mr. Bruen for many years pursued research in this country and abroad on the Bruen family.

Mr. Bruen in his reply gave an account of the controversy concerning the identity of Mary (Bruen) Baldwin. Miss Caulkins, in her early History of New London, stated that Mary Bruen who married John Baldwin, Sr., was daughter of Obadiah Bruen and sister of the wife of John Bald-

win, Jr. If this was a guess on the part of Miss Caulkins, it was a lucky one. But Samuel H. Congar, the Newark genealogist of that period, arose to dispute the issue. He disputed it as early as 8 Feb. 1853 in a letter to Cyrus Bruen of Freehold, N.J.; and published his own conclusions in 1865 in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register (19:107-8), to the effect that Mary was sister of Obadiah. Mrs. Orville Dwight Baldwin, George F. Tuttle (The Tuttle Family), Judge C. C. Baldwin (Baldwin Genealogy), Mr. Bruen himself, and others, fell in with Congar's dictum.

Mr. Bruen in his article proceeds to give the baptismal record of Mary daughter of Obadiah and Sarah Bruen on 12 June 1634 at Julians, Shrewsbury, England. She was thus about nineteen at the date of the marriage of Mary Bruen to John Baldwin, Sr., a widower much older than herself. The present writer thinks it important to note that two of their children were named Obadiah and Sarah, after both of her parents. The most important piece of evidence is proof of the early demise of Obadiah Bruen's half-sister Mary, attested by Obadiah's elder brother John in the so-called "Funeral Certificate" of their father, John Bruen of Bruen Stapleford, quoted in full by Mr. Bruen and reprinted below.

"Funeral Certificates were taken pursuant to the 'Orders to be observide and kept by the Officers of Armes made by the high and mighty Prince, Duke of Norfolke, Erle Marischall of Englande, ano 1568, the XVIIIth day of July, yn the Tenth yere of the Reigne of Queene Elizabeth,' wherein it is ordered that 'Everie Kinge of Armes, hersaulde, or pursuivante that shall serve any funerall.. .shall bringe into the librari or office of armes a trewe and certaine certificate vnder the hands of the executors and morners that shall be present at the said funeral conteyninge the day of the deathe, the place of buriall of the person so deceased, and also to whom he or she married what issewe they hade, what years they were of at the tyme of the sayd buriall, and to whom they were married to the intent that the sayd certificate may be regestrede and so remayne as a perpetuall recorde in the Office for ever.'"

The Funeral Certificate of John Bruen is quoted from The Record Society of London: being Vol. VI, Relating to Lancashire and Cheshire (pp. 50-1) as follows:

"John Bruen of Bruen Stapleford, in the County of Chester, Esquier, departed this mortall life the 18 January 1625[-6], at his hall of Bruen Stapleford, and was buried in Tarvin Church, in the County aforesayd. He married 3 wives: the first was Elizabeth, da. to Henry Hardware of Chester, Alderman and Justice of the Peace, after of Peele Co. Cest, the relict of Jo. Couper, of Chester, Alderman, and by her had yssue Gilbert, who dyed yonge;

John, second sonne and heyre, of the age of 42 yeares or there about at tyme of his father's death; he married Judeth, daughter to John Amyas of Stotisdon, in the County of Salop, Esq", and by her hath yssue Jonathan Bruen, of the age of 15 at his grandfather's decease, Sarah, and Mary. Henry, 2 sonn to the defunct, dyed yonge. Caluen Bruen of Chester, 3 sonne to the defunct, married Elizabeth, daughter to Rafe Littler of Walescot, in the County of Chester, gent., and hath issue John and Samuell Bruen; Anne, eldest daughter to the defunct by the first wife, married Edward Puliston of Arlington, in the County of Penbigh, Esq., and hath no yssue; 2ly she married Robert Santhy of Burton, and had Samuell, John, Nathaniell, and Margret.

"Elizabeth, 2 daughter to the defunct married George Mainwaring of Calvely, in the County of Chester, gentleman.

"The sayd defunct married to his 2 wife, Anne, daughter to Willm Fox of Rodes, in the County of Lancaster, and hath yssue Samuell, Obadiah, and Kathrine Bruen, all unmarried.

"The sayd defunct married to his 3 wife Margret, daughter to John Allen of Chester, draper, somtyme sheriff of Chester, and widow of John Rutter of Nantwich, gent., by whom he had Joseph Bruen, now living, and 10 years old at his father's death, and others dyed yonge.

"This certificate was taken at Bruen Stableford aforesayd by Randle Holme of the Citty of Chester, Alderman and Deputy to the Office of Armes, upon the 20th day of November, 1637 and testified under the hand of John Bruen of Bruen Stableford, Esq., sonne and heire to ye defunct, being 12 years and more after the death of the sayd John Bruen.

[Signed] Jo. Bruen

"Arms: Quarterly 1, Argent, an Eagle displayed Sable; 2, Gules, a scythe Argent; 3, Argent, a fess dancettée between three cross crozlets fitchée Sable; 4, Sable, two bars Argent, on a canton of the first a garb between for Acorns Or.

"Crest: An Oak tree eradicated proper."

The name of the Bruen seat is properly Bruen Stapleford, not Stableford. The words "after of Feele Co. Cest" [meaning Feele in Cheshire] are in a later hand.

The statement of the younger John Bruen, made at a date when his half-sister Mary would have been 15 years old if living, that his father's children by the third wife died young with the exception of Joseph, effectively disbars the claim that the wife of John Baldwin, Sr., was this Mary; and since Baldwin's wife in the marriage record was called of Pequot [New London], there can be no reasonable doubt of her identity with Mary the known daughter of Obadiah Bruen of New London.

The immediate family of Obadiah Bruen in England, beginning with his grandfather, is given by Mr. Frank Bruen in his Transcript article substantially as follows:

John Bruen of Bruen Stapleford married first, Ann Done, sister of Sir John Done of Utkinson. No issue. He married second, Dorothy Holford, daughter of Sir Thomas Holford of Holford, Esq., and Jane Booth, his wife. He died 14 May 1587; buried the 15th. Their son and heir was:

John Bruen, born 1560; baptized 19 Sept. 1567; died 18 Jan. 1625/6; buried at Tarvin Church, 23 Jan. 1625/6. He married first, in 1580, Elizabeth (Hardware) Cowper [or Cooper], daughter of Henry Hardware, Alderman and Mayor of Chester, and widow of John Cowper, Alderman of Chester [his will, 1578]. She was born 1552; buried at Tarvin, 18 Jan. 1596/7.

He married second, about 1596-7, Anne Fox, daughter of William Fox of the Rhodes, Lancashire. She was buried 29 Dec. 1606.

He married third, license 13 May 1612, Margaret (Allen) Rutter, daughter of John Allen of Chester, a draper, and widow of John Rutter of Nantwich, Cheshire, gent. Her first husband and at least two of their children died in 1610 of the "Pleague." Her marriage to Rutter occurred 28 Sept. 1598. She was buried 29[?] Nov. 1651.

Children by first wife:

- i. Gilbert, bapt. 28 Apr. 1581; bur. 16 June 1581.
- ii. John, b. 1583; called himself aged 42 in 1625; d. June 1647; m. Judith, dau. of John Amyas of Stotesden, co. Salop, Esq. She was bur. 30 Mar. 1658. Children:
  1. John, bur. 21 Dec. 1608, Holy Trinity Church, Chester.
  2. Jonathan, b. 1610; aged 15 in 1625.
  3. Sarah.
  4. Mary.
- iii. Anne, bapt. 7 Nov. 1585; d. 13 July 1633, bur. in Gresford Church; m. (1) 26 Sept. 1611, as second wife, Edward Puliston of Arlington, co. Denbigh, Esq.; no issue; m. (2) Robert Sandy or Santhy, of Burton; five children, named in the Funeral Certificate.
- iv. James, bapt. 11 June 1587; bur. 25 Aug. 1587.
- v. Henry, bapt. 26 Nov. 1588; no burial record; d. young according to Funeral Certificate.
- vi. Elizabeth, bapt. 28 May 1590; m. (license 27 Sept. 1609) George Mainwaring of Calvelly, Cheshire, gent.
- vii. Calvin, bapt. 7 Jan. 1591/2; d. 1655; sometime Mayor of Chester; was fined £120 for giving "aid and comfort" to William Prynne (the Puritan) when en route to prison in Wales; m. Elizabeth dau. of Ralph Fittler of Wales-cot, Cheshire, gent. Children: John and Samuel.



- viii. Beza, bapt. 24 Feb. 1593/4; no burial record; doubtless d. soon.
- ix. Priscilla, bapt. 25 Jan. 1595/6; bur. 8 Feb. 1595/6.

Children by second wife:

- x. Nathaniel, bapt. 23 July 1598; bur. 13 Aug. 1598.
- xi. Samuel, bapt. 7, 17 or 27 Mar. 1600/1; living 1625.
- xii. Katharine, bapt. 7 Mar. 1601/2; living 1625.
- xiii. Abigail, bapt. 3 Apr. 1603; bur. 21 Apr. 1603.
- xiv. Jonathan, bapt. 6 Jan. 1604/5; bur. 13 Jan. 1605/6.
- xv. Deborah, bapt. 15 Dec. 1605; bur. 19 Mar. 1608 in Holy Trinity Church, Chester, near her little nephew John Bruen who d. the same year.
- xvi. Obadiah, bapt. 25 Dec. 1606; d. at Newark, N.J., about 1681; m. Sarah ———.

Children by third wife:

- xvii. Joseph, bapt. 5 Mar. 1614; bur. 22 Oct. 1698.
  - xviii. Margaret, bapt. 8 Dec. 1616; d. young, no record found.
  - xix. Mary, bapt. 14 July 1622; d. young, no record found.
- The date of baptism differs from that given in Ormerod, History of Chester, but was supplied by the Vicar of Tarvin and verified for Mr. Bruen by C. A. Hoppin.

Proof of identity of Obadiah Bruen, ancestor of the American family, is found in the "Roll of Freemen" of Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England. The entry was certified by the clerk and read by C. A. Hoppin, being a translation of the Latin entry in the Town Records of Shrewsbury of the admittance of Obadiah Bruen to citizenship in Shrewsbury in 1633:

"30th day of September, in the 9th year of the reign of King Charles of England.....Obadiah Bruen of the Vill of Salop draper, son of John Bruen of Stapleford in the county palatine of Chester is admitted a free burgess of the Vill of Salop aforesaid.....with full assent and consent to have enjoy and use all liberties and privileges of the same Vill, who says upon his oath that he has no issue before this session lawfully begotten and thereupon he is sworn in the manner of a burgess and pays for fine V li together with the due and accustomed fee....."

Obadiah probably married about that time, for he then had no children, but his first child was born the following year.

Shrewsbury. 1634, June 12, baptized, Mary, daughter of Obadiah Bruen, and Sara his wife, at St. Julians.

Tarvin. 1636, May 1, baptized, Sara, daughter of Obadiah Bruen of Stapleford, at Tarvin church.

We have here the daughter Mary who undoubtedly became the second wife of John Baldwin, Sr., of Milford, Conn. The history of the daughter Sarah has not been learned.



No record has been found of the birth or baptism of Obadiah's daughter Rebecca, who became the wife of Thomas Post of Norwich, Conn., but presumably she was born between 1638 and 1641. At New London we have in 1643 the birth of Hannah, who became the wife of John Baldwin (Jr. of Milford, later Sr. of Newark), and of the son John Bruen in 1646. The identity of Obadiah's wife Sarah has not been ascertained.

Mr. Bruen states: "Massachusetts record shows that O. Bruen was a draper at Shrewsbury in 1635 and I have a draper record saying he was in America in 1655 and money sent to him."

Our object in the foregoing has been to preserve and make more readily accessible to readers the findings of Mr. Frank Bruen in his long Transcript article in 1928, and aside from considerable rearrangement and a slight condensation, we have followed his statements very closely. Because of the risk of typographical errors in newspaper publication, it is possible that two or three discrepancies of name or date may be found, but the present writer has not been able to check or verify the data, in every detail. However, being a Bruen descendant himself and having studied the family some years ago, he feels certain that any slight errors which may be noted will in no way affect the conclusions reached or the direct ancestry of the American family or the value and usefulness of little-known records obtained from England by Mr. Bruen.

Various claims of royal and baronial descent have been put forward for Obadiah Bruen, some of which we propose to examine. Two of the claims which have appeared in print come through the Holford family, and for better understanding we shall preface the discussion with a statement of the direct Holford line, based on Ormerod's History of Chester in which many documentary sources are cited.

#### The Holford Lineage

1. Walter de Toft, probably brother of Benedict (fl. 1234), son of Orme, son of Arnold de Toft. Son:
2. Roger de Toft, living 1230, who added by purchase to his land holdings in Toft. Here his descendants were lords of the manor for several generations through his elder son Roger, until the property passed through a Toft heiress to the family of Leycester. Younger son:
3. William de Toft, married Joan, daughter of Richard de Lostock, and heiress of her two brothers, 1277. She brought estates at Holford in the township of Plumley, Bucklow Hundred, Cheshire, to her husband. Their second son:
4. Henry de Holford, living as late as 1344, succeeded-

ed his elder brother Roger, who died s. p. in 1330; had wife Margery.

5. William Holford, d. in his father's lifetime, leaving a widow Isabel who was living in 1347. Son:

6. John Holford, heir to his grandfather, died in 1408; married in 1347, Joan, daughter of Roger Bruen of Stapleford. Son:

7. Thomas Holford, died in 1388-9 in his father's lifetime; married Alice, daughter of William Bulkeley of Oatworth, Cheshire. Son:

8. William Holford, born 1384, died 1459, succeeded his grandfather in 1408; married Margaret, daughter of Sir Richard Venables of Kinderton, Cheshire. Son:

9. Thomas Holford, succeeded at Holford, and died in 1464; married Joan, daughter of Richard Legh of Westhall in High Legh, Cheshire. Son:

10. Thomas Holford, of Holford, died about 1473; married in 1444, Maud, daughter of William Bulkeley, deputy judge of Chester. Son:

11. Sir George Holford, sheriff of Cheshire in 1524; married in 1473, Isabel, widow to Lawrence Warren of Poynton, Cheshire, and daughter of Robert Legh of Adlington, Cheshire. Son:

12. Sir John Holford, sheriff of Cheshire in 1541, and died about 1545; married Margery, daughter and heir of Raufe Brereton of Iscoit, Flint. Son:

13. Thomas Holford, Esq., succeeded to the Holford estates, and died 24 Sept. 1569; married first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Butler (or Boteler) of Bewsy, Lancashire, by whom he had a son and successor, Christopher Holford, the last of that surname to hold Holford. Christopher's daughter Mary, called by King James "The Bold Lady of Cheshire," carried the estates to her husband, Sir Hugh Cholmondley, and was mother of Robert Cholmondley, who was created Earl of Leinster in 1645. Thomas Holford married second, Jane, widow to Hugh Dutton, and daughter of Sir William Booth of Dunham-Massy. One of their children was:

14. Dorothy Holford, married John Bruen of Stapleford.

15. John Bruen, father of Obadiah Bruen.

Evidences for the Holford lineage will be found in Ormerod, op. cit.; Vol. 1, p. 501, for generations 1 to 3; and Vol. 1, pp. 670-1 for generations 3 to 14.

Margery Brereton, wife of Sir John Holford (generation 12) has been traced to a Sir Ralph Brereton whose wife has been given in some printed sources as Ada, the daughter of David, Earl of Huntingdon, and niece of William, King of Scots, and a claim to "royal descent" has sometimes been based on this alleged descent. The Scots Peerage states that the said David had a legitimate

daughter Ada who married Henry de Hastynges (died 1250) and left issue, and also an illegitimate daughter Ada who married Malise of Strathearn and had no issue. The Brereton account in Ormerod's History of Chester, Vol. 3, p. 88, gives a Sir Ralph de Brereton, "said in some pedigrees to marry Ada, daughter of David earl of Huntington, relict of Henry Hastings." This conveys the impression that the statement is doubtful, and the silence of the Scots Peerage, a careful modern work, as to a second marriage of this Ada, indicates lack of authenticity. Ormerod, although making the statement quoted above, in his own pedigree gives the wife of this Sir Ralph de Brereton as a series of dots, signifying that even her first name is not certainly established.

Another claim to "royal descent" has been made through Maud Bulkeley wife of Thomas Holford (generation 10 above), daughter of William Bulkeley whose wife is mistakenly given as Margaret Molyneux, daughter of Sir Richard Molyneux by his wife, Elizabeth Stanley, sister of the first Earl of Derby. Ormerod (op. cit., 3:269) has a pedigree of the Bulkeleys of Eaton, which makes Maud, "wife of Thomas Holford, esq. and grandmother of Sir John Holford," a daughter of William de Bulkyley, king's serjeant-at-law and deputy justice of Cheshire and Flint (this William died 1 May 1467), and sister of William de Bulkyley, jun., who married Margaret, daughter of Sir Richard Molyneux, in the 15th year of King Edward IV. Margaret was widow of John Dutton when she married the younger William Bulkeley, and evidently William did not marry very early in life, since the 15th year of Edward IV was about 1475. It is quite obvious that Maud Bulkeley who married Thomas Holford in 1444 could not possibly have been daughter of Margaret Molyneux who married the younger William Bulkeley about 1475, over thirty years later.

The eldest son of William Bulkeley, the Justice, was Thomas, and the marriage settlement of Thomas was dated 1445. That was just a year later than Maud's marriage. This is in harmony with the statement that Maud was sister of Thomas and the younger William, and daughter of William the Justice, as given in Ormerod's pedigree. We think this disposes of claims of royal ancestry through the Molyneux family, since Maud could not have been the daughter of her brother's wife, nor married before she was born.

A royal line for Obadiah Bruen which seems to stand up fairly well is the following, which the present writer worked out for the author of Lineal Ancestry of Susan (Kitchell) Mulford (Vol. 4, Part 2, pp. 291-4), in which it appeared without the references for each generation and in which it was carried back to Charlemagne through a line no longer accepted. Since so many claims

to royal descent have been put into print which, when critically examined, turn out to be erroneous, improbable, or insufficiently proved, such a claim without citation of authorities has come to mean very little. Hence it should be useful to repeat the line here as originally prepared by the writer, and with references for each generation. Should others detect any undiscovered flaws in this line, the writer will be glad to be advised of them.

#### Bruen Royal Ancestry

1. Hugh Capet (d. 996), King of France.  
[Turton, Plantagenet Ancestry, chart 14.]
2. Robert II (970-1031), King of France; m. Constance of Toulouse. [Same, chart 14.]
3. Henri I (1008-1060), King of France; m. 1051 Anne of Kiev, dau. of Yaroslav I of Kiev (great-great-grandson of Rurik, founder of Russia) by Ingegerd, dau. of Olaf III, King of Sweden.  
[Same, charts 14, 26, 112.]
4. Hugues 'Magnus' of France (d. 1101); m. Adele (d. ca. 1120), Countess of Vermandois, who descended in the male line from Charlemagne.  
[Same, chart 112.]
5. Isabelle of Vermandois (d. 1131); m. (1) 1096 Robert de Beaumont (1049-1118), Earl of Leicester.  
[Same, charts 112, 100.]
6. Robert de Beaumont (1104-1168), Earl of Leicester; m. 1120 Amicia de Cael. [Same, chart 100.]
7. Robert de Beaumont (d. 1190), Earl of Leicester; m. Petronilla de Crentmesnil. [Same, chart 100.]
8. Margaret de Beaumont (d. 1236); m. ca. 1170 Saher de Quincy (ca. 1155-1219), Earl of Winchester, a surety of Magna Charta. [Same, chart 100.]
9. Roger de Quincy (d. 1264), Earl of Winchester; m. Elena, dau. of Alan, Lord of Galloway, whose paternal grandmother, Waldeve of Dunbar, was descended from the ancient kings of Scots and the Saxon kings of England. Elena's mother was not Margaret of Huntington, as sometimes stated.  
[Same, charts 100, 101.]
10. Elena de Quincy (d. 1296); m. Alan la Zouche (d. 1269), first Baron Zouche. [Same, charts 100, 96.]
11. Sir Roger la Zouche (d. 1285), Baron Zouche; m. Ela Longespee, whose grandfather, William Longespee, Earl of Salisbury, was a natural son of Henry II, first Plantagenet king of England.  
[Same, chart 96.]
12. Alan la Zouche (1267-1314), Baron Zouche, of Ash, co. Leicester; m. Eleanor de Segrave.

- [Same, chart 96.]
13. Maud la Zouche (1290- ); m. 1314 Robert de Holland (d. 1328), of Yoxhall, co. Stafford. [Same, chart 96. Hist. Coll. of Staffordshire, New Series, 16:93.]
  14. Maud de Holland (b. around 1315); m. Sir Thomas de Swynnerton (d. 1361), Knight Banneret, of Swynnerton, co. Stafford. [Hist. Coll. of Staffordshire, Vol. 7, Swynnerton family, pp. 24-46; New Series, 16:93; 1911, pp. 459-60.]
  15. Sir Robert de Swynnerton (b. around 1340, d. 1385/6); m. Elizabeth, dau. of Sir Nicholas de Bek. [Hist. Coll. of Staffordshire, Vol. 7, Swynnerton family, pp. 24-46; New Series, 12:140; 27:109. Banks, Dormant and Extinct Baronage, 1:418.]
  16. Maud de Swynnerton (b. around 1370); m. (1) Humphrey de Peshall (d. 1388); she was abducted by John de Ipstones and m. (2) his son Sir William de Ipstones (d. Oct. 1399); m. (3) ca. 1400 Sir John Savage (d. 1449), of Clifton, Cheshire, who was knighted at Agincourt. [Same references as last generation; also, Ormerod, History of Chester, 1:712.]
  17. Margaret Savage (b. ca. 1403); m. 1418 John Dutton (ca. 1403-1445), of Dutton, Cheshire. [Ormerod, History of Chester, 1:649.]
  18. Maud Dutton (ca. 1425-ca. 1489); m. 1443 Sir William Booth, of Dunham-Massy, Cheshire, who d. 6 Apr. 1477. [Same, 1:524.]
  19. George Booth (b. ca. 1445, d. Mar. 1484), of Dunham-Massy; m. Katharine Montfort. [Same.]
  20. William Booth (b. 1473, d. 9 Nov. 1519), of Dunham-Massy; according to Ormerod's History of Chester (1:524), he m. (2) Ellen, dau. of Sir John Montgomery of Throwley, Staffordshire, but the Montgomery pedigree in Hist. Coll. of Staffordshire (New Series, 2:271) states that Ellen dau. of Sir John Montgomery of Throwley m. Sir John Vernon. This point will require further research and study.
  21. Jane Booth, b. around 1500; m. (1) 1520 Hugh Dutton; m. (2) Thomas Holford, Esq. of Holford, Cheshire, who d. 24 Sept. 1569. [Ormerod, op. cit., 1:524, 671.]
  22. Dorothy Holford, b. around 1530; m. John Bruen, of Bruen Stapleford, Cheshire, who d. in 1587. [Ormerod, op. cit., 1:671; 2:320.]
  23. John Bruen, father of Obadiah Bruen.

A royal descent has been claimed through Katharine Montfort, wife of George Booth (generation 19 above).

She was great-granddaughter of Baldwin de Montfort, of Colleshill, Warwick (born around 1365) by his wife, Margaret Clinton, who is stated in the pedigrees to be daughter of John de Clinton, Baron Clinton. The first wife of Lord Clinton was Idoine de Say, daughter of Geoffrey de Say, Baron Say, by his wife Maud, daughter of Guy de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick. Interesting baronial and royal lines abound in the ancestry of Idoine de Say.

The flaw in this line is the uncertainty whether the mother of Margaret Clinton was Idoine de Say or some other wife of Lord Clinton. The Complete Peerage, new edition, Vol. 3, p. 314, gives the following account. John de Clinton, Lord Clinton, was born 1326, being called 28 years old in 1354, and died 6 Sept. 1398. He married first, about 1350, Idoine de Say, dates of birth and death not found. He probably had a second wife, unknown. He married third (or perhaps second), by 26 June 1384, Joan, widow of Sir Philip Limbury, by whom he had no surviving issue, and she died 21 Feb. 1387/8. He married fourth (or perhaps third), before 24 Oct. 1388, Elizabeth, widow of Robert Grey, Lord Grey of Rotherfield, and before that widow of Sir John de Bermingham, and daughter and sole heir of William de la Plaunche; she died without issue in 1423, having married fourth, by license dated 24 Dec. 1398, Sir John Russell. It is established that by the first wife, Idoine, Lord Clinton had a son, Sir William, who died before him on 25 Oct. 1383, leaving a son William (aged 5 in 1383), who succeeded his grandfather as Baron. The known dates indicate that this eldest son, Sir William, was born not long after 1350. But Lord Clinton left two younger sons Thomas (born about 1368) and Edward (born about 1374). The editor of the Peerage makes the following comment: "John, 3rd Lord Clinton, left at his death, besides his grandson and heir, two sons surviving, namely Thomas, then aged 30, and Edward, then aged 24, who are not likely to have been brothers of the whole blood of his 1st son William. It is accordingly conjectured that they were the sons of a 2nd wife whose name is unknown."

This conjecture seems to the present writer unnecessary, for if Idoine were married at an early age, it would have been entirely possible for her to have children born over a period of 25 years or more. Margaret Clinton was presumably near the age of the younger sons of Lord Clinton. Unless the date of death of Idoine is learned, it cannot be proved that she was mother of Margaret. It is entirely possible that she was, but it is also possible that the editor of the Peerage is correct in postulating an unknown second wife. Any lines based on descent from Idoine de Say are subject to this uncertainty and must therefore be considered unproved.



Pedigrees of Some of the Emperor Charlemagne's Descendants, by Marcellus Donald R. von Redlich (pp. 120-128) traces Obadiah Bruen through two lines to Charlemagne. One is through the Clinton-Say marriage which we have just considered and found to be insufficiently proved. The other is definitely wrong. Starting with Elizabeth Bek (Beck or Beke), wife of Sir Robert de Swynnerton, generation 15 of the pedigree we have set forth above, it correctly calls her daughter of Sir Nicholas Beke, but by the latter's alleged wife Joan de Stafford, through whom the ancestry is traced to the Clares and to King Edward I. Incidentally, in the early part of this pedigree (p. 124), Henry 'the Fowler' is erroneously entered as a grandson of the Emperor Arnulf.

The date of marriage of Maud de Swynnerton to Sir John Savage (incorrectly stated as her first instead of her third marriage) is therein printed as 1450, although, Savage's date of death is also given as occurring in 1450. As we have seen, the marriage actually occurred about 1400. A careful study of the known dates in our own pedigree indicates that Maud must have been born not far from 1370, and her mother, Elizabeth Beke, must have been born around 1350 or earlier. Yet von Redlich enters the grandmother of Elizabeth Beke as baptized in 1358/9, and the great-great-grandparents of Elizabeth Beke as married about 1335/6!

To enable the reader to judge the matter for himself, the crucial generations as given in von Redlich's book are as follows:

Margaret de Audley, Baroness Audley, m. about 1335/6 Ralph, Lord Stafford; cr. Earl of the County of Stafford, March 5, 1350/1; d. Aug. 31, 1372.

Margaret de Stafford, m. Sir John de Stafford, Knt.

Ralph de Stafford, m. Maud de Hastang, b. at Chebsey, co. Stafford and bapt. there Feb. 2, 1358/9, dau. and co-heiress of Sir John Hastang.

Joan de Stafford, m. Sir Nicholas Beke, Knt.

Elizabeth Beke, m. Sir Robert de Swynnerton.

Since Margaret de Audley was a great-granddaughter of King Edward I, the above pedigree would be a desirable one. The Complete Peerage, old edition, states that Ralph Stafford, Baron Stafford, aged 9 at the death of his father in 1318, created Earl of Stafford 1351, and died 31 Aug. 1372 aged about 73, married first, before 1327, Katharine, daughter of Sir John de Hastang of Chebsey, co. Stafford, and of Eva his wife; and married second, before 10 Oct. 1336, Margaret, Baroness Audley, who was born between 1317 and 1324. His son and successor was by the second wife.

A Savage pedigree in the Visitation of Cheshire 1580 (Pub. of Harleian Society, 18:201) shows that Robert de



"Swinerton" married Elizabeth, daughter and heir to Sir Nicholas Beck by his wife Jane, daughter to "Rafe L: Stafford & of Katherin Hastang." That seems entirely possible. Since Elizabeth Beke must have been born by 1350 or earlier, her mother Joan or Jane would have been born by 1330 or earlier, hence could conceivably have been daughter of Ralph, Lord Stafford (later Earl of Stafford) by his first wife, Katharine de Hastang. It would mean extremely short generations to squeeze her in as a daughter of Lord Stafford by his second wife, the Baroness Audley. In any event, the von Redlich pedigree errs badly in making Joan great-granddaughter of this Lord Stafford, which is utterly at variance with the chronological possibilities. Whatever the facts may be as to a Stafford descent (and a 1550 Visitation pedigree can hardly be accepted for events occurring two centuries earlier unless documentation is found), most readers will conclude that the Audley descent is unlikely. The direct line as it appears in von Redlich's book contains two generations too many—of that there can be no doubt.

#### The Foxe Family

Anne Foxe, mother of Obadiah Bruen, was born about 1581, and was daughter of William Foxe of the Rhodes in Pilkington, in the parish of Bury. Her sister Margaret Foxe married Rev. William Hinde, Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford, who wrote a biography of his brother-in-law, John Bruen, the noted Puritan. One might wish that Hinde had been more of a genealogist. He stated that John Bruen married second, Mistris Anne Foxe, sister to Master Foxe of the Rhodes, some four or five miles from Manchester; her father controller of the house of Henry, Earl of Derby; her mother, yet living, descended from the Addertons [Athertons] and Lelands [Leylands] in Lancashire. [See Chetham Society, 14:120.]

The will of William Foxe of the Rhodes, made 7 Dec. 38 Elizabeth [1595], named his wife Margaret; the "erle of Derby my lord and Mr"; sons John, William, Thomas, and Richard; daughters Anne Foxe and Margaret Fox; the wife of John Fox, and his son William; and Mr. Warren of Poynton [Chetham Society, 54:113].

We are informed that William Foxe was son and heir of John Foxe of Rhodes in Pilkington, Gent, by his wife Jane, daughter and coheir of — Parr of Rhodes. His mother Jane Foxe "of ye rodis" made her will as a widow 24 Oct. 1579 and named her relatives, the Parrs, Seddons and Hollands. William Foxe was twice married, and his second wife was probably Margaret daughter of Henry Orrell of Orrell, Esq., whose wife was a Leyland and whose grandmother was an Atherton, as the Tyldesley wills do

not recognize the Foxes. [Chetham Society, 31:109-11.]

The above statement is one writer's opinion, and we could do with more facts and less surmise. The difficulty has been to identify the mother of Anne Foxe with little but Hinde's vague statement as a clue. A previous writer had commented [Chetham Society, 14:120]: "Dr. Ormerod has found it difficult to reconcile the statement of Mrs. Foxe's descent, which it may be presumed is correctly given by her son-in-law [Mr. Hinde], except as follows: Edward Tyldesley, second son of Thurstan Tyldesley of Wardley (Inq. post mortem 29 Eliz. 1586-7), married Anne sole daughter and heir of Thomas Leyland of Worleys by wife Anne, daughter of George Atherton, Esq., and yet there is no note of Anne Tyldesley having remarried; but on the other hand Mr. Hinde mentions his wife's half sister."

The present writer has studied these families and has found nothing to sustain the suggestion that Anne Leyland remarried; in fact, she had six surviving children by her Tyldesley husband, including daughters Anne and Margaret. The other suggestion, that the mother of Anne Foxe was Margaret Orrell, has been insufficiently investigated by this writer for his opinion to have any value.

It is a pity that the complete will of Jane (Parr) Foxe has not been found in print. The Parr family descends from Sir William de Parre (d. 1405) who married, 1383, Elizabeth de Ros, granddaughter and heir of Sir Thomas de Ros, baron of Kendal. From the Northamptonshire branch came Catherine Parr, wife of King Henry VIII, and her brother, the Marquess of Northampton. Another branch was seated at Parre Hall, in Parre, Lancashire, and presumably Jane (Parre) Foxe was more closely related to this line. Some records have been found in print, but not enough to identify Jane and trace her line. Research in wills and other unpublished sources in England might be repaid by the discovery of unusually interesting ancestry.

An entire volume could be devoted to the ancestry of Obadiah Bruen through numerous families of ancient lineage, and space is lacking to discuss it further herein.

BAPTISMS 1710-1715, HOPEWELL, MAIDENHEAD  
AND SIX MILE RUN, NEW JERSEY

Contributed by Lewis D. Cook, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.

Hopewell and Maidenhead (Lawrenceville) are in the present Mercer County, and Six Mile Run (Franklin Park) is a few miles eastward in Franklin Township, Somerset County, on the line of Middlesex County. Baptisms pertaining to this region in New Jersey between 1710 and 1715 are found in the registers of two Pennsylvania churches.

(1) From the register of First Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia:

Baptisms

- 8mo 2 1711 Hopewell: Richard Scudder and 8 of his children, namely Hannah, Mary, Richard, John, Abigail, Joseph, Samuel, and Rebeckah.
- 3mo 6 1713 Maidenhead: Theophilus Philips, Anna Philips, Richard, Abigail, & Elizabeth, children of Philip Philips, John of Dan. Howel, Rebeckah of Ebenezer Prout, Daniel of Robt Lanning, Richard of Richard Lanning.
- 4mo 14 1713 Maidenhead: Susanna daughter of Eben Petty (sic, for Pettit).
- 4mo 21 1713 Hopewell: Joanna dau of Richd. Scudder, Alexander son of Charles Clarke, Susanna dau of Thomas Evans.
- 12mo 21 1713 Maidenhead: Ralph son of Ralph Hunt, John son of Edward Hart, Abigail dau of Ralph Hart, Charity dau of John Severns.
- 4mo 22 1714 Maidenhead: Hezekiah son of Abigail Carpenter, Joshua of Jasper Smith, Philip of John Titus, John of Joshua Cresson, Isaac of Peter Lenon, Francina dau of Cornelius Anderson, Elizabeth of Henry Masshon, Ruth and John children of Daniel Bayly, Katharine of William Huff, Margaret of Jacob Baillargeau.
- 7mo 28 1714 Hopewell: Eunice dau of Ebenezer Prout.
- 4mo 17 1715 Rocky Hill: Elizabeth Cull dau of Sarah now wife of Danl Fitch, Daniel and Joseph children of Daniel and Sarah Fitch.
- 4mo 17 1715 Maidenhead: Charity Reed, Edward Hunt son of Ralph Hunt, John Slack son of Cornelius Slack, and Hannah dau of Daniel Howell.
- 7mo 13 1715 Hopewell: Joseph and Anna children of Eliakim Anderson, Elizabeth(?) of Ralph Hart, Samll. of Charles Clarke, [illegible] of Timothy Titus, Jacob of Peter R[illegible], Angleeke and Anna of Edward Hunt, [illegible] of Richard Headley, John of William [illegible]

ble], Elizabeth dau of Wm & Mary Y[illegible].  
 [The original of this page is torn.]

(2) From the register of Reformed Dutch Church of Bensalem, Bucks Co., Pa. [original is in library of Seminary, New Brunswick, N. J., and has been published in Journal of Presbyterian Historical Society, Vol. 1, and also in Publications of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania]:

Baptisms

At Hoopwell June 6, 1710:

Abraham, Rebecka, Bartholomeus, Andries, of Kornelis Andriesen and Annetje Opdyck.

Eliakim of Enogh Andriesen and Teyntje Opdyck.

Isack of Abraham Laroe and Aeltje Gerretsen.

Sarah of Edward Boudt and Neeltje vande Water.

At 6 myl Run on the raritan July 13, 1710:

Cattelyntje, of Adriaen Kinne and Geertje de Hart. Sponsors: Pieter Kinne and Eydae Kinne.

Sara of Leendert Smack and Sara Baerents. Sponsors: Dirck Jansen and Aeltje Jansen.

At 6 myl Run Aug. 8, 1710:

Samuel of Kornelis Willemsse and Grietye Guluck. Sponsors: Willem Willemsse and Cattelyntje Williams.

At 6 Myl Run Nov. 15, 1710:

Hendrick of Charle Fontyn and Helenae Reynierse.

At 6 myl Run March 22, 1711:

Symon of Jacob Kinne and Dorote de Hart. Sponsors: Elias de Hart and Catrina Lane.

At 6 myl Run April 17, 1711:

Lenae of Pieter Kinne and Eytye Willemsse.

At 6 myl Run June 12, 1711:

Antye of Jacobus de Baen and Antye Kennes. Sponsors: Baerent de Wit and Sara de Wit.

At 6 myl Run June 13, 1711:

Geertye of Jan Vliet and Fayte Vanderlinden. Sponsors: Simon Wyckhoff and Geertye Wyckhoff.

Abraham of Moses[?] Cruel and Angeniet Joris. Sponsors: Symon Wyckhoff and Geertye Wyckhoff.

At 6 myl Run Oct. 23, 1711:

Johannis of Willem Willemsse and Cattelyntye Guluck.

Sara of Abraham Bennet and Jannetye Folckers. Sponsors: Joh: Folckers and Angenietye Bennet.

Jacob of Jacob Wyckhoff and Lammetye Strycker. Sponsors: Simon Wyckhoff and Geertye Vliet.

Aert of Elias de Hart and Cattelyntye Larue. Sponsors: Gisbert de Hart and Anetye de Hart.

At Maidenhead June 15, 1712:

Jannetye of Jacobus Nagel and Jannetye van Kekelen. Sponsors: Jannetye Nagel and Philip Nagel.

Benjamin of Cornelis Slegt. Sponsors: Johannis Vandewater, Albertus Ringo.

Anna of Josua Andriesen and Engetye Opdeyck.  
Tames of James Stone and Sara Donke. Sponsors: Gerret  
Dorlandt and Elisabet Croesen.  
The church at 6 Myl Fun was established the 15 November  
1710. [List of Elders, Deacons, and Members.]

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THE "ROYAL" ANCESTRY OF LAWRENCE WILKINSON

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By H. Minot Pitman, A.B., LL.B., F.A.S.G.

In 1869 the Memoirs of the Wilkinson Family was published by Israel Wilkinson, claiming a descent from several Sureties of Magna Charta of Lawrence Wilkinson who came to New England in 1652 and settled in Providence. On page 33 the author says that William Courthorpe, Somerset Registrar of the College of Arms, wrote him that William Wilkinson, son of Lawrence Wilkinson of Harperley House, Lanchester, Durham, may [italics mine] have had a son Lawrence (supposedly the Providence settler) and that the Parish Registers of Lanchester are missing between 1603 and 1653, the dates between which he must have been born and first married. In the face of this, the author goes on to say that the searches of H. G. Somerby show that Lawrence Wilkinson was the son of William Wilkinson of Harperley House and Mary Conyers, sister of John Conyers, Baronet. It is through this Conyers connection that the ancestry of Lawrence Wilkinson has been traced to King Edward I and the Magna Charta Sureties.

While in 1869 the findings of H. G. Somerby were greatly respected, much doubt has been thrown on many of them in later years. He cannot be accepted to-day as an authority where, as in this case, he gives no references to the source of his information. It seems most probable that Lawrence Wilkinson of Providence, who unquestionably came from Lanchester, Durham, was a grandson of Lawrence Wilkinson of Harperley House and his second wife, Dorothy Emerson, but proof is lacking that he was the son of William Wilkinson or that William Wilkinson married a Mary Conyers. William may have been selected as the father of Lawrence from the fact that in the Wilkinson pedigree as given by Robert Surtees in his History of Durham, Vol. 2, p. 349, William is shown as the third son of Lawrence of Harperley House with nothing to indicate his marriage or progeny, while children are given for the other sons, none of whom was named Lawrence. It is to be noted that Courthorpe was willing to say only that William might have had a son Lawrence.

Be that as it may, the great difficulty with the royal ancestry ascribed to Lawrence Wilkinson of Provi-

dence springs from the wife ascribed to William Wilkinson. She is said by Somerby to be Mary, sister of Sir John Conyers, Baronet (an error repeated in Heraldic Journal, Vol. 1, p. 85), and hence necessarily daughter of Christopher Conyers and his second wife, Anne Hedworth. The descent is so given in Browning's Americans of Foyal Descent, Pedigree No. LXXII (edition of 1883), as well as in his Magna Charta Barons, p. 151.

Whoever the mother was of Lawrence Wilkinson of Providence, she was not Mary, sister of Sir John Conyers, Baronet, and daughter of Christopher and Anne (Hedworth) Conyers. The Publications of the Surtees Society, Vol. CXLII, p. 36, give an abstract of the will of Christopher Conyers of Horden, dated 12 Sept. 1608, proved 8 Oct. 1608. It mentions his brother [brother-in-law] John Hedworth, his son John, his youngest daughter, Marie [Mary], and other daughters, Anne and Isabel. In a footnote it is stated that Christopher Conyers married first, Elizabeth, daughter of Cuthbert Conyers of Layton, she dying childless; and that he married second, on 14 Nov. 1586, Anne, daughter of John Hedworth of Harraton. She was buried at Easington, 19 Jan. 1597/8, and Christopher Conyers was buried there 23 Sept. 1608. The son John, baptized 1593, was created a Baronet 14 July 1628. The daughter, Isabel, married 19 Dec. 1610, Charles Hall. The daughter Marie, baptized 18 Sept. 1597, married 14 July 1624, Samuel Hessel. Therefore she could hardly have been the mother of Lawrence Wilkinson of Providence whose estate was sequestered in Lanchester, 1645-1647.

This error has been repeated in many publications since its first appearance eighty years ago. In view of the facts presented above, it would be superfluous to point out several other errors in the descent of Lawrence Wilkinson from Saire de Quincy and the de Clares, through the Nevilles, as it appears in Browning's Magna Charta Barons and in his descent from King Edward I as published in Browning's Americans of Royal Descent.

#### ADDENDUM, LEGARE—NEWHALL

In my Legare article (ante, vol. 25, p. 15, January, 1949, Mary Legaré should be credited with a sixth child, her second child by her second husband, Solomon Newhall: Ruth, b. 2 May 1751, d. 29 Sept. 1825; m. 23 Apr. 1771, Henry Oliver, b. at Marblehead, Mass., 29 Sept. 1748, d. at Lynn, Mass., 16 Dec. 1818.

—Winifred Lovering Holman, Lexington, Mass.



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JOSHUA TOBEY OF HUDSON, NEW YORK  
AND HIS DESCENDANTS

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By I. Heyward Peck, Esq., of Great Neck, New York

The Tobey Genealogy by Rufus King Tobey and Charles H. Pope, Boston, 1905 (additions and corrections 1906) has combined on page 116 the records of two different Joshua Tobeyes. It is the purpose of this article to show that: 1st, the Joshua who married Hannah Fearing left issue; 2nd, he did not marry secondly Abigail Bassett; 3rd, it was he who died at Hudson, N.Y., Feb. 22, 1814; and 4th, it was he who was the son of Cornelius and Lois Tobey.

The record of Joshua Tobey of Hudson as it appears in the genealogy follows:

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Joshua<sup>5</sup> (Cornelius<sup>4</sup>, Samuel<sup>2</sup>, Thomas<sup>1</sup>), born in Sandwich, Aug. 5, 1772; married first—"of Hudson, N.Y."—at Wareham, March 19, 1796, Hannah Fearing, of W. He married second, Dec. 1, 1799, Abigail, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Sturgis) (Jennings) Bassett, born April 12, 1778. He was then of Fairfield, Conn.

He resided at Farmington, Me., about two years, and there his son Robert was born; returned for a time to Sandwich, but later removed again to Hudson, N.Y., where he died Feb. 22, 1814, according to the family record of his brother Melitiah.

Children:

- i. Mary (Polly)<sup>6</sup>, b. Feb. 2, 1800; m. Nov. 27, 1828,  
James H. Faunce; she d. June 3, 1869.  
(Four Faunce children are here given)
- 403 ii. Robert, b. Oct. 30, 1801.
- 404 iii. William, b. Sept. 24, 1807.
- iv. Abigail, b. May 4, 1811.

The two sons, in the accounts of them when carried forward in the genealogy, are shown as born at Sandwich, Mass. The descendants of Robert are carried down to the ninth generation and include William Hayward<sup>8</sup> Tobey, who "has taken much practical interest in the compilation of this genealogy."

Joshua Tobey's name first appears in the records of Hudson, N. Y., on Apr. 17, 1791, when he was appointed with others by the Common Council to superintend Fire Engine No. 1 (Hist. Sketches of Hudson, by Stephen B. Miller, Hudson, 1862, p. 43). A letter from the secretary of Hudson Lodge No. 7, Free and Accepted Masons, states that Joshua Tobey became a member of the lodge on Oct. 22, 1795. The town records of Wareham, Mass., record the marriage of Joshua Tobey "of Hudson, N.Y.," and Hannah Fearing at Wareham, Mar. 19, 1796, intentions



filed at Wareham, Feb. 27, 1796. Joshua Tobey was elected alderman of the city of Hudson on the Federalist ticket, Apr. 4, 1809 (Northern Whig, Hudson, Vol. I, No. 15). In the following year he was nominated (ibid., Vol. II, No. 13) again, but was defeated with the rest of the Federalist ticket. He was elected alderman again in 1811, 1812 and 1813 (ibid., III, 14; IV, 15; V, 15), and in the first two of these elections he was the only member of his party elected as alderman. In May 1809, Joshua Tobey advertised that he had been appointed "Surveyor" by the Eagle Fire Company of New York (ibid., I, 19). The Trustees' records of the First Parish Church, Presbyterian, of Hudson list Joshua Tobey as a contributor to the treasury of the church. On the sessions records of the same church appear the following:

Page 12, dated Hudson, July 27, 1812. "Application was made by Hannah Tobey, wife of Joshua Tobey, Esq. ... to be admitted into this church." Page 13, "Sabbath, August 2nd, 1812....Received this day into the communion of this church, Hannah Tobey."

The obituary article of Joshua Tobey, published Mar. 1, 1814, in the Northern Whig of Hudson reads in part:

Died: In this city after a short illness, on the morning of the 22nd ult., Mr. Joshua Tobey, aged 41....His public and private worth had secured him the most unlimited confidence of his fellow citizens; for several years he had been elected Alderman of this city, and was a member of that board at the time of his death. His funeral obsequies were superintended by the Common Council of this city, which were performed on the 24th ult. accompanied by Masonic honors;....by the Rev. Mr. Chester, in the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Tobey was a native of Sandwich, Massachusetts, and had resided in this city nearly twenty years; an amiable wife and four interesting children are overwhelmed with grief by his death.

In the same issue of the Northern Whig, an account of the Washington Birthday celebration held in the evening of Feb. 22nd told of the toasts proposed at the banquet, which included: "By Dr. Talman, Mayor of the City — The memory of our deceased Brother (Alderman Tobey) — An illustrious example of ardent patriotism and inflexible integrity."

Letters of Administration in the estate of Joshua Tobey were issued to Hannah Tobey of the City of Hudson, Mar. 26, 1814 (Rec. of Surrogate's Court, Columbia Co., N.Y.). A transcript of his death as recorded by the town of Sandwich, Mass., reads: "Joshua Tobey of Hutson son of Cornelius Tobey and Lois his wife birth recorded on the old Book page 159 and he died at Hutson the 22nd of Febr'y A D 1814."

In a published letter from Wareham, Mass., dated Nov. 17, 1817, is extracted the following: "...the widow Tobey is courtid by Meletish Bourne, Sr." (Hist. of Rich-

ard Bourne, by Hannah S. B. Dyke, Cleveland, 1919, p. 143). "1820 Sept<sup>r</sup> 16th Mr. Melatiah Bourne of Sandwich and Mrs. Hannah Tobey of Wareham entered to be published" (Sandwich Town Rec.). Intentions for this marriage were filed also in Wareham, Sept. 17, 1820. "The following persons joined in marriage by Ezra S. Goodwin minister of the first Parish in the town of Sandwich viz. October 14, 1820 Melatiah Bourne of Sandwich and Hannah Tobey of Wareham" (Sandwich Town Rec.). The Sandwich records also contain the death of Hannah Bourne (married) Oct. 9, 1859, and that of Melatiah Bourne (widower) Aug. 4, 1862. Melatiah Bourne had been a widower when he married Hannah Tobey, his first wife having been Mary Bourne Fearing, younger sister of Hannah.

Extracts from the will of Israel Fearing of Wareham, dated Aug. 3, 1824, proved May 3, 1826, are as follows:

....with liberty also to dispose of all or any part thereof of said furniture at any time she may think proper or find it convenient or necessary, to my two daughters Hannah Bourne Lucy Nye, and the children of my lamented daughter Mary Bourne now deceased, in the proportion of one third to Hannah as aforesaid to be by her improved during her natural life or with liberty to her to dispose thereof in her lifetime to her children, in equal proportions; with the express understanding that if she should not thus dispose thereof within the time prescribed, then the one third part of my furniture of which I have given her the use and improvement shall go to and become the property of the children of her own body, to be divided among them as aforesaid.....

I give and bequeath to my daughter Hannah Bourne the sum of two hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents; and to her three children William Henry Tobey, Noah Fearing Tobey and Hannah Barnard Tobey I give and bequeath the sum of four hundred and sixty six dollars and sixty six cents, to be equally divided.

(Rec. Probate Court, Plymouth County, Bk. 60, p. 289)

The will of Melatiah Bourne of Sandwich, dated May 29, 1860, makes a bequest to William H. Tobey and names "William H. Tobey of Kinderhook, N.Y." an executor [Rec. of Probate Court, Barnstable County].

The above records prove that Joshua and Hannah Tobey had issue, of which four children were living at the time of Joshua's death. As only three were named in their grandfather Fearing's will, it is safe to assume that one, whose name is unknown, had died prior thereto. The records also show that he did not marry secondly Abigail Bassett and that it was he who died at Hudson in 1814. The town records of Sandwich, recording his death, state that he was a son of Cornelius and Lois Tobey. The records further show that he had been a resident of Hudson for over twenty years. There is no indication that the Joshua who married Abigail Bassett ever was in Hudson. His being placed there twice (at his "first" marriage

and again at his death) by the compilers of the genealogy was a necessary expedient in order to attribute to him records and descendants now proven not to pertain to him at all.

The corrected record of Joshua Tobey of Hudson is:

Joshua<sup>5</sup> Tobey (Cornelius<sup>4</sup>, Cornelius<sup>3</sup>, Samuel<sup>2</sup>, Thomas<sup>1</sup>), was born at Sandwich, Mass., Aug. 5, 1772, and died at Hudson, N. Y., Feb. 22, 1814. He married at Wareham, Mass., Mar. 19, 1796, Hannah, daughter of Brig. Gen. Israel and Lucy (Bourne) Fearing. She was born at Wareham June 23, 1775, and died at Sandwich, Oct. 9, 1859.

He removed to Hudson, N.Y., prior to April 1791, when he became an original member of Fire Engine No. 1; Alderman of the city of Hudson, 1809 and 1811 until his death; agent of Eagle Fire Co., 1809; contributor to Presbyterian church; member of Masonic lodge.

His widow married secondly, at Sandwich, Oct. 14, 1820, as a second wife, Melatiah, son of Melatiah and Mary Bourne. He was born at Sandwich, Jan. 14, 1778, and died there Aug. 4, 1862. There was no issue of this second marriage.

Children (order of birth uncertain):

- i. William Henry<sup>6</sup>, b. at Hudson, Jan. 1, 1799; see below.
- ii. Noah Fearing, alive in 1824.
- iii. A child, living in 1814, probably d. before 1824.
- iv. Hannah Barnard, b. 1810, d. 1847 (gravestone, Kinderhook Cemetery); m. 1831, Ripley Perkins, son of John and Elizabeth (Ripley) Adams. He was b. at Colchester, Conn., Jan. 11, 1804, and d. at Reidsville, N.C., Apr. 30, 1870. No issue. (Gen. of Henry Adams of Braintree, by Andrew N. Adams, Rutland, 1898.)

William Henry<sup>6</sup> Tobey (Joshua<sup>5</sup> above) was born at Hudson, N.Y., Jan. 1, 1799, and died at Kinderhook, N.Y., May 15, 1878. He married first, July 23, 1831, Louisa, daughter of Hon. Henry and Susan (De La Vergne) Platt. She was born in 1803 and died Dec. 29, 1832. He married secondly, at Stockport, N.Y., Dec. 16, 1847, Caroline, daughter of James and Jane (Henry) Wild. She was born at Stockport in 1814 and died at Kinderhook, June 17, 1888.

He studied at Williams College in 1813-14, and attended Union College for three terms: May 4 to July 27, 1814; Sept. 21 to Dec. 21, 1814; and Jan. 18 to Apr. 12, 1815. Bill books of the college show that bills were made to his mother, Hannah Tobey, a widow. Studying law in the office of James Van der Poel of Kinderhook, he was admitted to the Bar in 1820 at the age of 21 years. He began the practice of law in New Lebanon,

N.Y., removing later to Kinderhook, where for nearly 50 years he continued his legal profession.

The Hon. William E. Tobey was trustee of the Kinderhook Academy from 1843 to his death, serving many years as president of the board; original trustee and first president of the National Union Bank of Kinderhook, 1853 to his death; president of the village of Kinderhook, 1850-51 and 1861-62.

Judge Tobey was appointed Supervisor of Columbia County, 1828; elected to the New York State Legislature 1838; appointed Surrogate for Columbia County, 1841 to 1845; elected State Senator for Columbia and Dutchess Counties, 1862.

In his practice of law in Kinderhook, he was first associated with Aaron Vanderpoel under the firm name of Vanderpoel and Tobey; from 1843 to 1851 with John H. Reynolds under the name of Tobey and Reynolds; and from 1856 to his death, his partner in the firm of Tobey and Silvester was Francis Silvester.

His will, made in 1875 and probated in Columbia County, names wife Caroline; daughter Anna, wife of James Rogers of Kansas, and her daughters, Mary C. Heyward and Caroline Heyward; daughter Mary E. Tobey; and son William E. Tobey, Jr. He and his wife Caroline are buried in the Kinderhook cemetery.

Children (1 by first wife, b. New Lebanon, N.Y.; ii-iv by second wife, b. Kinderhook):

1. Anna Louisa<sup>7</sup>, b. Oct. 3, 1832, d. Roslyn, N.Y., Feb. 15, 1907; m. (1) Kinderhook, Sept. 17, 1851, William, son of John and Constantia (Pritchard) Heyward, b. McPhersonville, S.C., Oct. 15, 1830, d. Sandy Hill Plantation, Prince William Parish, S.C., July 9, 1866; m. (2) Feb. 24, 1873, as a second wife, Hon. James Rogers of Burlingame, Kans., who d. in 187-.  
Children (Heyward):
  1. John<sup>8</sup>, b. Hempstead, N.Y., Aug. 31, 1852, d. Merrick, N.Y., July 9, 1854.
  2. Mary Constantia, b. New Lebanon, N.Y., Nov. 15, 1854, d. Stamford, Conn., Jan. 29, 1939; m. New York, N.Y., Oct. 2, 1890, Rev. Isaac, son of Isaac and Abigail Phelps (Beers) Peck, b. Flushing, N.Y., Jan. 15, 1858, d. Brooklyn, Conn., June 30, 1911. Issue: 1 son.
  3. Caroline Elizabeth, b. Sandy Hill Plantation, S. C., Apr. 28, 1863, d. Lawrence, Kans., May 22, 1885; m. Lawrence, Kans., May 17, 1883, William M., son of Hon. T. Dwight Thacher. Issue: 1 dau., d. in infancy.
- ii. Mary Barnard, b. Feb. 28, 1848, d. Kinderhook, July 31, 1938; m. Kinderhook, Oct. 3, 1877, Dr. Peter Van Schaak, son of Dr. Matthias and Margaret (Van Schaak) Pruyn, b. Kinderhook, Nov. 19, 1841, d. there May 2, 1891.

Children (Pruyn), b. Kinderhook:

1. John Bayard<sup>8</sup>, b. Oct. 14, 1882.
2. Julia Carville, b. Dec. 25, 1885.
- iii. William Henry, b. May 9, 1849, d. Hartford, Conn., May 8, 1932; m. (1) Catherine Elizabeth Michael, b. 1848, d. June 12, 1884; m. (2) Hudson, N.Y., Mary, dau. of John and Josephine Austin, b. Hudson, Sept. 15, 1859, d. Bantam Lake, Conn., July 19, 1925.  
Issue (1 by first wife, 2 by second wife):
  1. Caroline<sup>8</sup>, b. Kinderhook, Aug. 24, 1874; m. Hartford, Conn., Jan. 10, 1900, Bruner Kauffman.
  2. Daisy Field, b. Chatham Center, N.Y., Nov. 28, 1888; m. Hartford, Conn., Sept. 11, 1937, Oscar F. Engel.
- iv. John Henry Reynolds, b. 1856, d. Kinderhook, Nov. 1859.

As to the Joshua Tobey who married Abigail Bassett, in spite of the fact that Joshua was not a common name in the Tobey family, an attempt to ascertain his ancestry has been unsuccessful.

A careful examination of all the Joshua Tobeyes mentioned in the Tobey Genealogy discloses only one who could have married Abigail Bassett. He was baptized at Sandwich, Mass., Oct. 1, 1775, the son of Gershom<sup>4</sup> Tobey and wife Innocent, widow of Joshua Ellis. The genealogy gives nothing further on the family of Gershom<sup>4</sup> aside from the baptism of another son, Jonathan, Nov. 14, 1773, and stating that the dower interest in the Ellis property in Sandwich was sold in 1797.

The Federal Census of 1790 lists a Gershom Tobey in Sandwich with 4 males over 16 years of age, 1 male under 16 years of age, and 2 females. It is stated [Eugene H. Robbins, Additions and Corrections to the Tobey Genealogy, 1906, p. 2] with reference to Gershom<sup>3</sup>, father of Gershom<sup>4</sup> Tobey, that "he removed to Fairfield, Me., where he was noted as '78 years old' in 1826, by Coffin in his 'Journal'." This is incorrect as to year, for the date of the diary entry was "1798, Sept. 27," when Rev. Paul Coffin called on Gershom Tobey and his wife at Fairfield, Maine; but it does refer to Gershom<sup>3</sup> Tobey [Maine Hist. Coll., 1st Ser., IV]. The genealogy, as above quoted, in its incorrect account of Joshua<sup>5</sup>, son of Cornelius, makes reference to Farmington, Me., and Fairfield, and these places may be connected with the career of the Joshua who married Abigail Bassett.

It can only be stated with assurance, however, that the Joshua Tobey who married Abigail Bassett was either the son of Gershom<sup>4</sup> Tobey, or else a Joshua Tobey who has been omitted from the genealogy and of whom no evidence has been found.

# INSCRIPTIONS ON TOMBSTONES IN MILFORD, CONN.

Contributed by Morris W. Abbott, Esq., of Milford, Ct.

Editor's Note. In 1889 the late Nathan G. Pond published under the above title in Vol. V of the Papers of the New Haven Colony Historical Society the inscriptions on the tombstones of Milford people who died prior to 1800. The article was also issued in pamphlet form from advance sheets of that volume. Inscriptions on 470 stones were included. Addenda published in 1894 added inscriptions on nine more stones which had been overlooked, together with additions and corrections to Mr. Pond's annotations.

In recent years Mr. Abbott has made a complete and most careful check of the original stones, with the result that twenty-nine stones overlooked by Mr. Pond were discovered and copied, and corrections made in the reading of a number of inscriptions. At our request, he consented to the publication of his new material, which is an important contribution to the history of Milford families.

For better understanding, we head each stone with Mr. Pond's number, followed by the name of the deceased in parentheses except when the name appears in Mr. Abbott's correction; and we have numbered the new inscriptions to follow the last of those published by Mr. Pond, starting with No. 480. —D.L.J.

2  
MR JOHN ANDREWS  
DIED APRIL 13th  
1733 in 49  
YEAR OF HIS

98 [Charles Burroughs]  
[Instead of CHARLESTON  
read] CHARLESTOWN  
[Year of death not 1778  
but] 1738

12 [Jonathan Andrew]  
(3rd line reads)  
DIED SEPT 17

120  
[The headstone reads]  
HERE LIVES BODY  
OF BETHUEL CLARK  
SON OF MR JOSEPH &  
MRS MARY CLARK DIED  
April 20th 1751 in 6  
6th Monthes of his Age

24  
HERE LIVES BODY  
OF MRS JEPUSHA  
BALDWIN WIFE TO MR  
THOMAS BALDWIN  
AGED 100 YRS & 10 MO  
DIED APRIL 11 1725

[The footstone reads]  
BETHUEL CLARK  
Son of Joseph & Mrs. Mary Clark  
April 20, 1751  
6 months

89 [Sarah Burwell]  
(4th line reads)  
DIED AUGUST 24th

90 [Ephriam Burwell]  
[Year of death, per Town  
Records, was] 1729

125  
MR NICOLAS  
CAMP DIED  
JUNE THE 10TH 1706 IN  
THE 77  
YEAR OF  
HIS AGE  
71

97  
[The name in both places  
reads, not Burns, but]  
BURN

["10TH" illegible in 1943.]



134  
HERE LYES THE BODY  
OF Mrs MARY CAMP  
WIFE TO Mr SAMUEL  
CAMP DIED OCT  
the 29th 1733 in [ ]  
Year of [ ]

142  
HERE LYES BURIED  
BODY OF DEACON  
SAMUEL CAMP DIED  
JAN. [ ] 16 1733  
IN <sup>9</sup> 91st YEAR OF HIS AGE

157 [Rebecca Down]  
[In both places, for DOWNS  
read] DOWN [and instead of  
DELIVERANCE read] DELIVERANC  
[Line 4 reads:]  
DOWN DIED FEBY <sup>9</sup> 9th

202  
HERE LYES <sup>9</sup> BODY OF  
Mr JOSEPH CARNSEY  
DIED MARCH <sup>9</sup> 7th  
1730/31 IN THE 82<sup>d</sup> YEAR OF  
HIS AGE.

215 [Elizabeth Gillet]  
[Line 4 reads:]  
aged Abot 65 Years Died

242  
SARAH LAW  
DIED THE 15th  
DAY OF FEBRY  
ANNO DOMNI  
1704 : WHOSE  
BODY LIETH  
HERE INTERRED  
B. L.

243  
DANIEL  
LANGSTAFF  
DIED MARCH  
THE 9th 1698  
IN THE 5 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

256 [Elizabeth Moor]  
(Line 4, delete (?); date  
as given is correct.)

265  
HEEAR  
L[ ] INTERED  
THE BODY OF MILES  
MERWIN AGED  
74 YEARS DIED  
23<sup>d</sup> OF APRIL  
1697  
[The above inscription was  
evidently recut between  
the time Pond read it and  
1943, the entire panel  
being made deeper to al-  
low for recutting.]

281 [Elizabeth Newton]  
[After 2nd line, insert:]  
WIFE TO MR JOHN NEWTON

302  
HERE LYES <sup>9</sup> BODY  
OF Mr AMOS  
NORTHRUP DIED  
APRIL <sup>9</sup> 1[ ] 1726  
IN <sup>9</sup> 38 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

305 [David Northrop]  
[Line 4 reads:]  
DIED DE[ ] 9 1741 IN <sup>9</sup> 19th

307  
[Line 2 reads:]  
MRS. HANNAH NORTHRUP WIFE

315 [Lt. Joseph Peck]  
[Year of death reads:]  
1731/2

330 [Samuel Plumb]  
[Line 3 reads:]  
PLUMB AGED 58

331 [Joseph Plum]  
[Line 3 reads:]  
WHO DECEASD MAY 27 1742

333  
M[ ] PETER PRUD  
DEN DIED  
MAY 9 19  
IN THE 5 YEAR OF  
HIS AGE  
ANNO DMNI  
1705  
[The character preceding  
the word "year" looks like  
part of a figure 5.]

345 [Benjamin Prichard]  
[Age may possibly be 87  
instead of 86.]

360  
Ann Rogers dau<sup>r</sup>  
to Lev. Joseph  
& Sarah Rogers  
Died Feby 9 18th  
1733/4 in 9 18th  
year of her age.

370  
Here lyes the body of  
Thomas Sanford  
aged abot 43 years  
Died October 28. 1730.

373 [Mary Sanford]  
[Line 4 reads:]  
26 years 9 Mos. & 19 Ds.

394 [Susanna Smith]  
[Line 4 reads:]  
Died July the

398  
MRS. CLEMANT  
SMITH  
DIED SEPTE  
MER THE  
20 1705  
IN THE 63  
YEAR OF  
HIR AGE

418 [Elizabeth Treat]  
[Line 6 reads:]  
THE 10: 1706

445 [Mercy Treat]  
[Next to last line, for  
home read:] sune

452 [Ruth Wheeler]  
[Line 2, for WHEELER  
read:] WHEELER

453  
MR WILLIAM  
WHEELER DIED  
NOVEMBER  
THE 12  
in THE 41  
YEAR OF HIS  
AGE  
1705

454  
THOMAS WH  
ELER JUNER  
DIED APRIL  
THE 18 IN  
THE 21 YE[ ]  
OF HIS AGE  
1704

455  
REBECKAH  
WHEELER  
DIED MARCH  
THE 1 ? 13[ ? ] IN THE  
1[ ] YEAR OF  
HER AGE 170[ ]

461  
MR THOMAS  
WELCH DIED  
FEBEWARI  
THE 20 IN  
THE 46 YER  
OF HIS AGE  
IN 1707

[Note: His will was  
made 19 Feb. 1703/4, in-  
ventory taken 20 Mar.  
1703/4, hence it seems  
likely that the year date  
on the stone was intend-  
ed for 1703 or 1704.  
—D.L.J.]

480

ENOCK BASSET  
SON TO JOHN  
[ ] MARY  
BASSET DIED  
JULY [ ] 1734  
IN 9 [ ] YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

481

HERE LYES 9 BODY  
OF MR SAMUEL  
BOTSFORD DIED  
NOV 9 14 1745  
IN 9 67 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

482

HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
JOHN BRINSMAID  
DIED NOVEMBER 9 28th  
1737 IN 9 33d YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

483

[A footstone near  
the Buckingham:]  
HB/ AB

484

HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
ISAAC BUNNELL  
DIED JUNE 9  
14 1734  
IN [ ] 21 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

485

HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
Sergt DANIEL COLLINS  
AGED 67 YEARS 6 Mo  
& 11 DAYES DIED  
AUGUST 9 19th  
1745

486

HERE LIETH  
BURIED THE  
[ ] OF  
SARAH FE[NN?]  
AGED [ ] YEARs  
DIED [ ]  
17[ ]

487

ANN GUNN  
DIED SEPTMR  
THE 21 IN  
IN THE [ ]  
[ ] YEAR  
OF HER  
AGE 1711

[The figure 2 in second line is  
turned backwards like an S]

488

HERE LYES 9 BODY  
[ ] MR ELIPHAL  
GILLIT DIED  
MARCH 9 12 1746/7  
IN 9 74 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

489

HERE LY[ ]  
NATHANIEL HARPIN SON  
TO JOHN HARPIN &  
MARY HIS WIFE AGED  
4 MONTHS DIED  
AUGUST 9 5 1727

490

[ ] 9 BODY OF  
JOHN HARPIN SON TO  
JOHN HARPIN [ ] MARY  
HIS WIFE BORN J[ ]  
DIED J[ ] 9 16  
1721

491

HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
REBECCA LARNED  
WIFE TO SAMUEL  
LARNED AGE About  
49 YEARS DECESED  
JULY 9 23 1739

492

Elizabeth Dau  
to [ ] &  
Elizabeth [Jillit?]  
aged 9 Dayes  
Died April  
9 11, 1740

493  
ISAAC SON TO  
WALTER &  
SARAH LEWIS  
AGED 1 YEAR &  
8MO DIED NOV<sup>R</sup>  
9 28th 1737

494  
MRS. MARY LOBDELL  
JOSHUA LOBDELL<sup>s</sup>  
WIFE DIED  
MARCH 10  
IN THE 47 YEAR  
OF HER AGE  
1712

495  
M<sup>RS</sup> ANNA  
MARCHANT WIFE  
TO JOSEPH MARCHANT  
WHO DIED APRIL  
THE 8 1712  
IN 9 38 YEAR OF  
HER AGE

496  
HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
SUSANNAH MERWIN  
DIED APRIL 9 6  
1733 IN 9 27 YEAR  
OF HER AGE

497  
HERE LYES 9 BODY  
OF M<sup>R</sup> AMOS NORTHRUP DIED  
APRIL 9 11 ] 1726  
IN 9 38 YEAR  
OF HIS AGE

498  
HERE LYES 9 BODY OF  
JOAN NORTHRUP  
AGED 14 YEARS [ ] M [ ]  
& 13 DAYES DIED  
APRIL 9 28  
1730

499  
SARAH PECK  
DAU<sup>R</sup> TO JEREMIAH &  
HANNAH PECK AGED  
3 MONTHS 19 D<sup>S</sup>  
DIED JULY 9 13  
1727

500  
HERE LYES 9  
BODY OF  
SAMUEL PECK  
AGED 38 YEARS  
DIED APRIL 9  
29 1728

501  
HERE LYET [ ]  
JOHN PECK  
WHO DIED  
IN THE 25  
YEAR OF  
HIS AGE  
NOUMBR 27  
1709

502  
[ ] LY [ ]  
[Samuel Prince (footstone)]  
AGED 46  
DIED APRIL 9 [4?]  
17[29?]

503  
MR ANDREW  
SNFORD [sic]  
DIED AGUST  
THE [ ] 1705  
IN THE [ ]  
YEAR OF  
HIS AGE

B.L.

504  
Z S [A footstone]

505  
FRANCEAS TREAT  
D<sup>TR</sup> TO JOSEPH TREAT  
DIED OCT<sup>R</sup> THE 7 1707  
IN THE 17 YEAR  
OF HER AGE

506  
[ ] LIETH IN  
TERED THE BODY  
OF M[ ] MEHETE  
BEL TREAT  
DIED FEBRVARY  
[ ] AGED  
[ ] YEARS

507  
[ ] SAMUEL  
WHEELER  
[ ] OCT  
[ ]T [ ] 22  
IN [ ] 19  
YEAR OF  
HIS AGE  
171[ ]

508  
3 Children of Ezekiel &  
Ann Welch Still Born  
Ezekiel Born Nov<sup>r</sup> 15th 1734  
Ann Born Dec<sup>r</sup> 17 1735  
Sarah Born April 28 1737

#### UNPLACED STANTONS

By W. Herbert Wood, B.A., F.A.S.G.

Thomas Stanton, born about 1707, died 22 Sept. 1790, aged 83 [Brooklyn, Conn., church records]; married about 1728, Sarah Staples [Pomfret Probate, 2:449], born 1 Apr. 1707 [Groton V. R.], died 8 July 1793, aged about 87 [Brooklyn ch. rec.]; daughter of Joseph and Abigail (——) Staples. On 2 Jan. 1742/3, Thomas Stanton and Sarah his wife were recommended to the Brooklyn church from the church in North Groton. In a Canterbury deed [5:116], Thomas Stanton is called "Cornet." He lived in that part of the town of Canterbury set off as part of the town of Brooklyn.

Thomas Stanton, his children and numerous descendants are completely omitted from the published genealogy of the Stanton family. The parentage of Thomas has not yet been ascertained by the present writer.

#### Children:

- i. Thomas, b. (say 1730); d. 2 Oct. 1757 (Conn. Hist. Soc. Coll. 10:374). He served in Capt. Israel Putnam's company during the French and Indian War and died in service.
- ii. Jacob, b. (say 1732); m. 22 May 1753, Jemima Wedge, of Stonington, perhaps b. 21 Dec. 1732 (Preston V.R.), dau. of William and Mercy (Benjamin) Wedge. On 25 Aug. 1758, he was "of Stonington" (Canterbury Deeds, 6:448). He was of Upper Smithfield township, Northampton Co., Pa., 27 June 1793 (Brooklyn Deeds, 2:66).
- iii. Abraham, b. (say 1734); m. 1 May 1754, Grace Wheeler (Brooklyn church), probably b. 25 July 1733 (Preston V. R.), dau. of Jonathan and Grace (Benjamin) Wheeler. He was of Pittsford, Rutland Co., Vt., 7 Oct. 1793

- (Brooklyn Deeds, 2:68).
- iv. Amy, b. abt. 1736; d. 21 Apr. 1819, ae. 83 (Brooklyn church). She had five children recorded: Joel, Hosea, Amon, Abiah, and Content, and apparently also a son Heber, who appear under the surname of Harris; see the will of Paul Harris of Canterbury for mention of them.
  - v. Sarah, b. 1738; d. 3 Aug. 1803 (Whitney Gen., 88); m. Zachariah Whitney, b. 2 Oct. 1732, d. 26 Sept. 1808, son of Zachariah and Ruth (Taylor) Whitney. Res. Mansfield, Conn., and Montague, Mass.
  - vi. Anner, b. (say 1739); m. 6 June 1758, William Carter, perhaps bapt. at Canterbury, 3 Dec. 1738, son of John and Deborah (Bundy) Carter. On 27 Sept. 1793, Anner Carter was a widow, of Westfield, Washington Co., N.Y. (Brooklyn Deeds, 2:69).
  - vii. Joseph, b. (say 1740); probably m. 4 May 1769, Mary Staples (Brooklyn church), probably bapt. 24 May 1747 (Brooklyn church), dau. of James and Mary (——) Staples.
  - viii. Peter, b. 18 May 1742 (1743 by Canterbury V. R.); bapt. 13 June 1742 (Brooklyn church); m. 21 Sept. 1763 (Canterbury V. R.), Sarah Cleveland, b. 3 Sept. 1744 or 5, dau. of David and Eunice (Backus) Cleveland. In 1790 he was probably in Worthington, Hampshire Co., Mass.
  - ix. Experience, bapt. 29 Apr. 1744 (Brooklyn church); probably d. young.
  - x. Abigail, b. 24 Sept. 1746 (1747 by Canterbury V. R.); bapt. 23 Nov. 1746; d. 19 Mar. 1826, ae. 79 yrs. 6 mos. (Brooklyn V. R.); m. Samuel Dains, who d. 10 May 1822, ae. 78 yrs. 10 mos. (*ibid.*).

#### TWO PRIVATE CONNECTICUT MORTUARY LISTS

Copied by the late Rev. Wallace Humiston, of Northfield, Conn.

Note: Over a quarter of a century ago, my friend Wallace Humiston very kindly supplied me with copies of two private death lists which he had discovered. One covers deaths in Bethany, Conn. between 1788 and 1793 and is from "Denzel Hitchcock's book." The other is headed "An Account of Deaths in Middlebury commencing 1826" and the copy runs through 1852. This list is by an unknown recorder. Such records, while not official, are often very useful.

#### I. Bethany, Connecticut

1788 Feb. 11	Mrs. Elizabeth wife of Ens.			
	Abraham Tolles	29	7	29
13	Infant son of Medad Hotchkiss	0	0	1
15	Infant dau. of Winard Mitchell	0	1	12
21	Mrs. Hannah wife of Abijah Buckingham	51	5	4



## CONNECTICUT MORTUARY LISTS

43

1788	Mar.	8	Miss Lucy Johnson	27	6	21
		15	stillborn infants (twins) of Lieut. Jesse Beecher			
		20	Miles son of Simeon Wheeler	2	11	5
		29	infant son of Ebenezer Bishop	0	1	18
	Apr.	3	Widow Ruth Lounsbury	85	5	9
		21	Lieut. Jonathan Mansfield Peck			
	May	18	Lemuel Wooding	44	11	13
		24	infant twin daus. of Joseph Johnson (Anna and Fanny)	0	1	3
	June	4	Micah son of Timothy Lounsbury	2	3	29
	July	9	Anna wife of Elijah Clark	26	11	16
		19	stillborn son of John Huggs			
	Dec.	17	Catherine wife of Joseph Hitch- cock	22	7	1
		24	Thankful Perkins about	82		
1789	Feb.	2	Widow Susanna Johnson			
	Apr.	23	Sarah wife of Cyrus Wooding	27	10	24
	June	12	Mary wife of Samuel Beach	56	7	
		24	Daniel Tyler	51	2	27
	Aug.	1	John Andrew	29	7	
	Sep.	12	or 15 Thankful wife of John Alsop Talmadge	40	4	3
		19	infant son of Daniel Tolles	0	0	4
	Nov.	24	Samuel Kingsley			
1790	Jan.	5	Widow Deborah Carrington	96	6	28
	Mar.	21	Widow Dorcas Thomas	89	3	19
	Apr.	5	Joel son of Samuel Brisco	0	2	17
		23	William son of William Purdee	0	5	17
	May	31	Nathan Nettleton	31	3	21
	July	10	Isaac son of Polycarp Smith	0	3	10
		26	Infant son of Ezra Sperry Jr.	0	0	1
	Oct.	20	son of Hezekiah Johnson			
1791	Mar.	15	Sarah Bellamy Tolles, dau. of Capt. Lazarus			
		25	Samuel Brisco	33	4	21
	July	9	Isaac Beecher 2d (Jr.)			
	Aug.	11	Rebecca Wooding dau. of Cyrus			
	Sep.	18	Esther wife of Ebenezer Humfre- ville	34		
	Oct.	13	Phinehas Tirrel	66	4	13
1792	Feb.	15	Silas Nelson			
	Mar.	27	Abel Ives	69		
		31	wife of Wheeler Beecher	30		
	Apr.	13	Ens. Gershom Thomas			
	July	10	Joanna Smith			
	Oct.	9	Abel Ward			
	Nov.		Capt. Amos Hitchcock	68	5	
	Dec.	23	Esther wife of Ama[sa] Tuttle			
1793	Feb.	3	Ezekiel Smith stillborn infant			
	Mar.	15	Anna wife of Azariah Perkins			
	Apr.		Mary wife of Rev. S. Hawley			

II. Middlebury, Connecticut1826

Jan.	22.	Susanna Roberts	
Feb.	13	Joseph Nichols	
	18	Ebenezer Richardson	56
Apr.	5	David Porter	80
	15	Capt. Isaac Bronson	90
	26	Aaron Scovil	41
May	16	Esther Bronson dau. of Ashbel	
June	7	Lazarus Nettleton from Milford	14
July	6	Caleb Munson	80
	11	Lemuel Fenn Sr.	87
Sep.	2	Milla Bronson	47
Nov.	7	David Abbott	62
		2 infants of Garry Brown. "Time of the deaths unknown"	
	15	Samuel W. Meal's child	
Dec.	10	Chester Riggs. Died at the South	30

1827

June	25	Mehitable Richardson	60
Aug.	6	Orrella Hine wife of John	
	21	Phinias Benham	94
Dec.	18	Edward Blackman	72

1828

Mar.	5	Widow Northrop, mother of John Northrop	80
	17	Catherine Baldwin	30
	18	Polly Baldwin, wife of Theophilus Baldwin by suicide	49
Aug.	10	Mrs. Linsley wife of Dr. Linsley	33
	24	Mrs. Curtis wife of C. Curtiss	35
Sep.	29	Nancy Stowe wife of S. Stowe	41
Oct.	11	Decon Seth Bronson	80
	23	Permelia Tyler. A member of the Methodist Church	34

1829

Jan.	5	Anna wife of Daniel Smith	62
Mar.	16	Amos Tuttle of Southbury	58
May	1	Mary wife of Ebenezer Tyler	74
		Sister Amy Bears at Darby	74
Aug.	13	Alva Benham	38
Sep.	15	Isaac Riggs	58
Oct.	14	Lewis Booth	44
	17	Sally dau. of Daniel Tyler	3
Dec.	9	Liddy wife of Jared Bronson	34
	30	An infant of Stephen Stone	

1830

		Sabra Manvil of Woodbury	32
Dec.	19	Ephraim Tuttle	68
Sep.	24	Joseph Nichols	29

1831

Jan.	4	Joseph son of Horace Bronson	2
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## CONNECTICUT MORTUARY LISTS

45

Jan. 28	Amos Baldwin's son	6
Feb. 16	John Bradley	22
22	Infant of Ways Bradley	
25	Child of Ways Bradley	6
Mar. 16	David Brown a Methodist	55
20	Child of Daniel Smith Jr.	4
Apr. 10	A son of Wm. Manvil	4
[May] 11	Widow of Enos Benham	70
17	Child of Josiah Hine	4
19	Folly dau. of Garry Wooster	4
20	Child of John E. Bradley	4
30	Hannah wife of David Mally [Mallery]	66
June 10	Child of Nathan Newton	9
Aug. 2	Son of Jared Bronson	
15	Ann, widow of Thaddeus Bronson	
24	Widow Nancy Tyler	56
25	2 children of Philo Abbott	2
Sep. 7 & 8	2 children of Erastus Tyler	
13	Widow Rowley	About 90
Oct. 12	Sally wife of Wm. Foote	33
Nov. 9	Son of Harvey Stone	4
22	Amos Camp	60
Dec. 16	Nathaniel Wheeler, mem. Meth. Ch.	48
<u>1832</u>		
Mar. 22	Ebenezer Smith	76
24	Nancy wife of G. A. Benham	20
Apr. 3	Diana Eals	62
May 7	An infant of Aaron Tuttle Jr.	
June 21	Miss Hatch, granddau. of Thomas Riggs	25
Oct. 18	Geo. son of John Hine	17
25	A dau. of Asa Fenn	17
Nov. 31?	Harvey son of Asa Tuttle	24
<u>1833</u>		
Mar. 22	Electa, wife of Smith Benham	68
16	Wife of Aaron Benedict	84
Apr. 19	Aramynta dau. of David Wooster	3
May 2	Betsey, wife of Murray Wooster	29
5	Amos Baldwin	33
25	Lois wife to Benj. Fenn	73
July 13	Widow of Gad Brister [Bristol]	70
23	Sarahann dau. of Wm. Porter	19
Sep.	Eunice Tyler	77
Oct. 21	Nancy wife of Horace Smith	36
Nov. 13	Edward Smith Mem. M. E. P.	54
<u>1834</u>		
Jan. 7	Widow Betty Beebe	79
28	Wife of Nelson Smith	
Mar. 10	John Northrop Mem. M. E. P.	59
Apr. 3	Fanny widow of W. Wheeler	62
10	Miss Hotchkiss	64
16	Betsey wife of Chester Wooster	25
19	Wife of Samuel Riggs	51

Apr. 21	Sarah wife of Isaac Baldwin	26
June 1	Prime Freeman (Man of color)	43
July 24	Elias Clark Mem. M. E. F.	60
Aug. 7	John Stone Decon Conf. Ch.	69
	Samuel son of Loami Fenn	16
31	Widow of Amos Camp	61
	the dau. of Loami Fenn	
Nov. 3	John son of Horis Bronson	22
4	Ruth Mallery	61
<u>1835</u>		
Jan. 15	Silas son of Chester Riggs	12
	Matthew Bronson	
Oct. 9	Grandson of Andrew Clark	20
	Elijah Wooster's wife	
Dec. 21	Patience Wooster Mem. M.E.F.	82
<u>1836</u>		
Jan. 16	Lois widow of Daniel Abbott	70
22	Wife of Truman Stoddard	69
Feb. 7	Widow of Daniel Tyler	83
	Abigail wife of Daniel Clark	69
Mar. 27	Roswell Bronson	85
Apr. 14	Roswell Tyler	72
May 7	Ara W. Cady	48
July 22	Rebekah Bronson	88
Aug. 27	Child of Garry Scott	
Sep. 5 & 6	2 children of Elisha Blackman	4 & 2
8	Adonijah Scott M.E.	71
	Child of Silas Tuttle, killed by a cart	1
22	Child of Joseph Platt	
<u>1837</u>		
Feb. 1	Widow Atwater	71
27	Sarah dau. of Philo Hamlin	8
	Hannah wife of Ebenezer Wheeler	72
Apr. 15	Widow of David Thomson	59
May 5	Garry Scott	44
10	John Hotchkiss	69
Aug. 22	Ebenezer Wheeler (Southbury)	75
29	Child of Dwite Northrop	
Sept. 6	Wife of George Lum	27
<u>1838</u>		
Feb. 18	Widow Elizabeth Peck	64
Mar. 10	Nathaniel Nettleton	49
	Wife of David Treat	
Apr. 1	Phebe Tyler	29
May 8	Clarrissa wife of Mr. Tucker	29
	Child of Nathan Newton	
16	Wilber son of David Wooster	2
Dec. 5	Widow of James Porter	91
<u>1839</u>		
Jan. 30	Isaac M. Baldwin	27
Mar. 17	Dwite Saxton son of Ransom	5
July 5	Infant child of Garwood Benham	

## CONNECTICUT MORTUARY LISTS

47

Aug. 20	Julia Easton	77
24	Michel Bowers	82
Sep. 12	Miss Hamlin	82
20	Nancy Stone	45
Oct. 3	Abigail relict of Noah Scovil	74
22	Theophilus Baldwin	67
	Child of Nathaniel Richardson Jr.	2
	Child of Burrit Manvill	

1840

	Jason Stoddard	39
Feb. 11	George Benham	
Mar. 5	Widow Abigail Wilmot	75
18	Eliza dau. of Daniel Clark	16
25	Charles Benham	43
27	Lucretia Scott	40
May 16	Lulious [Julius] son of Daniel Tyler	25
July 25	Amy Benham	59
Oct. 17	Phineas Benham	67
Dec. 13	Alford Clark son of Daniel	39

1841

Apr. 2	Joseph son of Daniel Clark 2nd	27
12	Eldad son of Enos Bradley	50
Apr. 2	Widow Hannah Bronson	86
July 9	Garry Bronson	50
18	Hannah wife of David Abbott (Murdered by her husband)	41
Sep. 18	Eunice wife of Samuel Benham	63
27	Julia dau. of Len Bronson	21
Nov. 12	Moses Bronson	78
22	Ruth Wooster	73
Dec. 15	Aaron Benedict	97
	Wife of Stephen Nichols	

1842

Aug. 12	Sarah Stone	21
	Child of Luman Smith	
Nov. 22	Eli Hine	74
24	Hannah Hine widow of E. H.	74

1843

Feb. 1 & 2	2 children of Mr. Brewit	
May 1	Mary wife of Nathan Clarke	59
June 14	Phebe Penn (M.E.)	71
July	Robert Bronson lost 2 children	
	Amy wife of David Porter	61
Nov. 3	Nancy Nettleton	58
10	Child of Nathan Newton	3
Dec. 1	Child of Nathaniel Richardson	

1844

Jan. 8	Andrew Clarke	83
Feb. 13	Wife of Rev. J. Atwater	36
14	Wife of Noys Bradley	37
Mar. 30	Julia wife of Nelson Tuttle	43
Apr. 4	Infant child of Nelson Tuttle	

June 27	Ruth Plat wife of Anson	34
30	Samuel son of Ira Mallery	18
July 18	Sarah wife to Asa Fenn	62
Aug. 24	Thomas Bronson	22
Oct. 23	Julia dau. of Nath. Newton	13
Nov. 17	Sarah dau. of Horis Smith	28
Dec. 21	Ruth Fenn	96
<u>1845</u>		
May 28	Garry Mallery	43
July 11	Enos Bradley	80
Nov. 20	Robert Porter	25
<u>1846</u>		
Feb. 4	Child of Noys Bradley	2
11	Child of Daniel I. Denis	7
May 10	Truman Stoddard	78
20	Emily dau. of Horis Manvill	26
June 21	Thomas Radford	57
Aug. 12	Child of Alford Baldwin	1
Oct. 12	Infant of Nathan Newton	
22	Gideon Platt	62
Nov. 16	Lumen P. Smith from Wintonbury	35
Dec. 7	Infant child of Geo. Peck	
8	Harriet wife of Beers Radford	62
<u>1847</u>		
Mar. 2	Ester relict of John Stone	79
3	Widow of Dea. Seth Bronson	
June 8	Silas Manvill	
July 3	Miss Fuller	30
29	Sally relict of Ephraim Tuttle	74
Aug. 29	Miss Galpin	
29	Daniel Clark	84
Sep. 25	Shelden son of Spencer Judd	2
30	Child of Spencer Judd	1
Dec. 25	Wife of Ashel Bronson	80
<u>1848</u>		
	Clary Porter	57
Mar. 14	Wife of Julius Bronson	
Apr. 19	Currance wife of Samuel Fenn	77
May 5	Elizabeth Bartis	about 83
June 25	Anna wife of Ashez [Asher?] Wildman	58
July 18	Liman Camp	about 50
Sep. 16	Grandchild of Thom. B. Wooster	
Oct. 26	Amasa Roberts (about this time)	71
26	Elizabeth Scott	81
Oct. 3	Sherman Curtis (Dea. Cong. Ch.)	68
<u>1849</u>		
Jan. 30	Thomas Mallery	84
Feb. 2	Madison [?] Johnson of Woodbury	36
6	Jacob Linsley (Phision) [physician]	57
Mar. 1	Daniel Smith	90
13	Sally Bradley relict of Jonathan	78
30	Catherine Miles, bur. in Woodbury	80



## CONNECTICUT MORTUARY LISTS

49

Oct. 3	Sally widow of Ebenezer Smith	85
<u>1850</u>		
Jan. 14	Sally Miles, bur. in Woodbury	80
29	Wife of Peter Nichols	74
Mar. 21	Josiah T. Scott	80
	Mr. Ellis, an old man	
Apr. 11	Amos Benham	79
23	Ashel Bronson	90
May 3	Joseph Gilbert	about 70
June 7	Hannah Blackman	85
Sep. 5	Otis Ellis' child	2
Oct. 1	Noys Bradley	56
4	William Ellis' child	said to be 5
29	Wife of Charles Richardson	
Dec. 26	Nathan F. Newton	44
<u>1851</u>		
June*24	Susan dau. of Chas. Townsend	15
29	Mary dau. of Widow Garry Scott	22
Mar. 12	Burton son of Truman Tuttle	9
23	Hannah Bronson	60
June 7	Amy wife of M. Morse	72
25	Asa Ellis of Derby	90
Oct. 4	Infant of Noble Bradley	
20	Olive Benham, widow of Geo.	54
Nov. 17	William Manvill	
19	Charlotte dau. of Daniel Clark	35
Dec. 11	Benjamin Fenn	97
15	Amelia dau. of Widow Eldad Bradley	24
18	Mary Northrup (M. E.)	77
21	Amasa Caylord	72
26	Rev. William Gay's child	3
31	Susan wife of E. Stone	74
<u>1852</u>		
Feb. 10	Edwin Tyler's child	2
Mar. 11	Dwite Hine's child (son)	6
13	Samuel Fenn (M. E.)	85
26	David Porter	69
Apr. 16	Susan widow of Roswell Tyler	85
Sep. 18	Minerva Fenn	50
Oct. 17	Merit son of E. Baldwin	29
	George son of Wm. H. Smith	21

1853

\*Jan.?

[Omitted on page 46]

1836

Sep. 15 Anon Tuttle

76

THE ENGLISH WASHINGTONS

By S. H. Lee Washington, M.A., F.S.A.

The following hitherto unknown Deposition was taken at the Essex Quarter Sessions, 6 October, 1645, before Isaac Allen, J. P. of Hazeleigh Hall, regarding threatening words uttered against the Puritan Rev. John Andrews, who had succeeded that devout Royalist, Rev. Lawrence Washington, in the sequestered Rectory of Purleigh, Essex, in the year 1643:- "About a year since [1644], John Saffold, in his owne dwelling house, being then an ale-house, in the said parish of Purley, did use these speeches [in] speaking of Mr. Washington, who had been sequestered from Purle Parsonage, and of those which had caused the said sequestration: [to wit, that] he, the said John Saffold, bid a poxe on them and wished his [butcher's] knife in their throats.....[and] in the throat of our [present] Parson" (vide F. G. Emmison's Guide to the Essex Record Office, part I [1946], pp. 44, 104-5). According to the infamous First Century of Scandalous, Malignant Priests (London, 1643), the Rev. Lawrence had been a "common frequenter of Ale-houses, not onely himselfe sitting dayly tippling there, but also encouraging others in that beastly vice," etc.; and no doubt it was poor Saffold's ale-house (i.e., the village inn) that the Century meant!

The present writer has earnestly tried to elucidate the full history of the Sulgrave Washingtons, of whom the Rev. Lawrence was of course a cadet, in past issues of The American Genealogist (October, 1944, and July, 1946): but the earlier pedigree behind the first Lawrence of Sulgrave (died 1584) still remains to this day very largely terra incognita. However, to put matters as simply as possible, at the end of the fifteenth century two brothers, John and Robert (duly specified in the 1564 heralds' Visitation of Northamptonshire) respectively founded the two "modern" branches of the name to wit: (a) those of Adwick Hall and Cave Castle in Yorks., and the subsequent Barons von Washington in Bavaria and Austria; and (b) those of Sulgrave Manor and Thrapston, Northants., Radway (Edgehill), Warwicks., and Garsdon, Wilts., who became knights and Baronets under the Stuarts, and from whom President George Washington and the Virginia line descended. These two brothers, just mentioned (viz., John and Robert—a parallel to the brothers John and Lawrence, the famous Emigrants to Virginia), were themselves the sons of Robert Washington, Senior, an opulent Lancashire squire who died in 1483, by his marriage with the Lady Anne de la Pole, elder daughter of the splendid William de la Pole, 1st Duke of Suffolk and Earl of Pembroke (by his wife, Alice

Chaucer), and ultimately senior co-heir to that historic though ill-fated house. It was, incidentally, from this same match with the noble de la Poles that the later Washingtons derived both their ducal coronet and also their favorite Christian name of "Lawrence" (viz the previous Earls of Pembroke).

Nor was the parent stock from which the original Washingtons sprang by any means unworthy of so magnificent an alliance! Robert Washington's father, John, described by the heralds as "Esquire, of Tewitfield (in Warton), co. Lancs." (died 1423) was great-great-nephew to Sir Walter III de Washington, of Washington Hall in Durham—an estate which like Sulgrave Manor is now a national possession, and where a certain William, "a Norman tenant" according to Cabot Lodge, had flourished as far back as 1184. This last was the familiar William de Hertburne, with whom Jared Sparks and Washington Irving formally commenced the family genealogy. He is referred to at some length by the northern chronicler Reginald of Durham; and appears to have been identical with William, cadet\* to that twelfth century paladin, Sir Robin d'Amundeville—who boasted in the phrase of Mr. Walter Goodwin Davis "one of those fantastic medieval ancestries," through which he could claim the Viking blood of the rulers of Normandy!

Such a lineage, moreover, enhances the old estimate of the witty Horace Walpole, whose picturesque pen once characterized "His Lordship's [Lawrence, Earl Ferrers'] ancestors, the Washingtons," as having come of a "very frantic race." For, as my remarks should make evident, the English Washingtons had by no means been lacking in that precious distinction which Washington Irving, in reference to them, termed "hereditary virtue": a blessing which (so he added) was worth much more than paltry hereditary wealth, and far outstripped "all the pomps and vanities of the Heralds' College."

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\*The Durham Amundevilles (of Lord Byron's Don Juan) bore the Washington arms; and William presumably was Sir Robin's younger son by his marriage with the heiress of Hertburne (Hartburn in Stockton), the daughter of Geoffrey Rufus, Bishop of Durham (cp. New England Hist. and Gen. Register, October, 1949).

# GILLETT ADDENDA

By Donald Lines Jacobus

Reference is made to the article, "The Other Gilletts" (*ante*, Vol. 25, pp. 174-191) and "Gillett Items and Queries" (pp. 200-203).

Correct the statement that Jeremiah<sup>2</sup> (Jonathan<sup>1</sup>) was nearly 48 at marriage; 38 was of course intended.

The writer had an opportunity to search the early Simsbury records and can now add something to what has been known of the mysterious Sergeant Jeremiah Gillett of that town. Nothing has been found to alter the belief that he was a nephew of Jonathan<sup>1</sup> and Nathan<sup>1</sup> Gillett, and most likely a son of their brother Jeremiah who was granted land for Pequot War service but who had returned to England and does not otherwise appear in Connecticut records. Sergeant Jeremiah of Simsbury can hardly have been old enough to be identical with the Pequot War soldier, but may well have been his son.

It has been set forth that he received a grant of land in Simsbury in 1678. The new records prove that he was then "on the spot," hence some of his children were born in Simsbury, but their births are not recorded, nor are their baptisms except those who were baptized as adults. The latter omission is explained by a Hartford County Court record of the Andros period: 19 June 1688: "Jere: Gillet and Jn<sup>o</sup> Williams of Symsbury was p<sup>r</sup>esented by the grand Jury for not goeing to meting."

On 9 Mar. 1679/80, the committee appointed by the General Court "for settling of y<sup>e</sup> plantation of Simsbury" met and determined where the land of the proprietors should be laid out; in the list of names on the "east side" are "Nathan Gillit" and "Jermiah Gillyt." On 13 Dec. 1678, "giuen to Jeremiah Gyllit" 12 acres. There was a difference concerning the place for the meeting house, and among the signers was "Jere Gillyt." On 28 May 1685 (possibly it should be read 1683), Jeremiah Gillit was chosen Sergeant. "Jere Gillyt" was a signer of the agreement with the minister, Mr. Edward Thompson, 27 June 1687, and "Jeremiah Gillit" signed the agreement about the mills. On 28 Apr. 1702, Jeremiah Gyllit of Simsbury, for £5, conveyed to John Humphris; the acknowledgment was entered as made by "Serg<sup>t</sup>." Jeremiah. [Simsbury Land Records, 1:18, 23, 28, 51, 55, 80; 2:47.]

The only difficulty in the way of placing Eliphal Gillet of Milford as a son of Sergeant Jeremiah was the gravestone inscription in Milford which, as read and published by Nathan G. Pond, states that Elizabeth wife of Eliphal died 17 July 1732 aged 76 years. We surmised the age had been misread, since it would make her too old to be wife of Eliphal, and hence would postulate the

existence of an earlier, entirely unknown Eliphal. This inscription in the Hale Collection, State Library, reads that she died 17 Nov. 1752 aged 65, and here the year date is certainly incorrect. Mr. Morris W. Abbott, of Milford, has recently checked Pond's copy of the inscriptions, and finds that this one reads, died 17 July 1732, "aged Abot 65 years." That makes her around six years older than Eliphal Gillet, and since the stated age is approximate and does not pretend to be exact, she may actually not have been as much as six years older. This confirms our conclusion that she was second wife of the only known Eliphal, and not his mother, and thus an obstacle is disposed of which has long puzzled Connecticut genealogists.

Mr. Abbott found that Mr. Pond had omitted some early gravestones, among them that of Eliphal Gillett, which states that he died 12 Mar. 1746/7 in the 74th year of his age, making him born about 1673.

A Milford deed [10:27], while not revealing new information, confirms some part of our account of Eliphal's family (pp. 179-181). On 22 June 1742/3, Jesse Lambert, Mary Lambert, Daniel Collins Jun<sup>r</sup> and Rachell his wife, Eliphall Gillit Jun<sup>r</sup>, Francis [Frances] Miles Lawfull Guardian to Francis [Frances] Gillit, Sarah Gillit and Mary Gillit y<sup>e</sup> Children of Jeremiah Gillit Late of Milford Dec<sup>d</sup> and of y<sup>e</sup> s<sup>d</sup> Francis [Frances] Miles, all of Milford, convey to Hannah, Abigail and Abraham Gillit y<sup>e</sup> Children of Abraham Gillit Late of New Milford Dec<sup>d</sup>, the purchase price being paid by Daniel Frindle of New Milford, Guardian of the grantees.

Eliphal Gillett [No. 37, p. 181], baptized 27 Sept. 1747, is said to have died at Tinmouth, Vt., 20 July 1807, and to have had sons Jonathan, Benjamin, and Sylvester M. This has not been verified. In the 1790 Census, no Eliphal is listed at Tinmouth, but we do find four Gillets there: William, with three females; Abraham, with a boy and three females; Sylvester, with two females; and Jonathan, with three boys and two females. But Eliphal's son Jonathan was not old enough to be the man of that name listed in Tinmouth. Possibly these were brothers of Eliphal [No. 37] and unrecorded sons of Eliphal [No. 17], if they belonged to this branch of the Gillett family. Further research and study of this group is indicated.

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ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS TO AUSTIN'S  
GENEALOGICAL DICTIONARY

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By G. Andrews Moriarty, A.M., LL.B., F.S.A.

(Previous instalments have appeared in Vol. 25 and earlier volumes.)

CLARKE. Jeremiah, p. 44, and Joseph, p. 47. After William, son of Latham, son of Jeremiah (p. 44, 3rd col.), delete date of birth, 27 May 1673, and place it after William, son of William, son of Joseph (p. 47, 3rd col.). Austin confused the two Williams. William<sup>3</sup> (William<sup>2</sup>, Joseph<sup>1</sup>) was of Westerly and lived in that part which was set off as Richmond and later as Charlestown, R. I. When he entered the births of his children on the Charlestown records, he gave his own birth date as 27 May 1673 and that of his wife Hannah or Anna Knight as 3 April 1680, as well as the date of their marriage on 15 April 1700. They were married at Newport and their marriage took place, according to Arnold, on 11 April 1700, in that town [Arnold, Vital Record of R. I., IV, Newport, p. 18]. See New England Hist. and Gen. Register, 85:417-423.

SANFORD. John, p. 171. Esbon (p. 172, 2nd col.) had a wife Sarah. On 27 June 1666, he was at Fortsmouth [Sanford Papers, R. I. Hist. Soc., p. 10], but soon went to England with Capt. Zachery Gillam of Boston, who married his step-sister, Phoebe Phillips, daughter of Major William Phillips of Boston and Saco [Gen. Dict. of Maine and N.H., p. 548]. He entered the service of The Hudson's Bay Company, and in 1672-3 he was at Hudson's Bay as mate of the dogger Messenger, and spent the winter there. In 1674-5 he was mate of the Company's Prince Rupert, Capt. Zachery Gillam commander. In 1682 he was sent to Port Nelson as Deputy Governor in command of the Albemarle. He died there on 6 Oct. 1682, evidently in the troubles with the French under Radisson, who was sent from Quebec to break up the Company's post. On 5 Dec. 1683, the Company voted to pay his salary to his widow Sarah, and on 6 Feb. 1683/4 she had a further allowance as he "had lost his life in the Company's service" [Minutes of the Hudson's Bay Company, 1679-84, Second Series 1682-84, Champlain Society, Toronto, 1947, pp. 333-4].



# ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA

Deaths in French Frisons. Mr. Frederick W. Wead advises that the list of prisoners (Vol. 25, p. 157) was submitted by Israel, not Isaac, Calkins, and he stated that he was taken prisoner 5 Aug. 1757. Mrs. Helen Turney Sharps of Fairfield, Conn., who is compiling a genealogy of the Calkins family, writes that Israel was the sixth child of John Calkins of Norwich and Sharon, Conn., and Dutchess County, N.Y., and was born at Lebanon, 8 June 1731. Israel married 11 Aug. 1752, Sarah Hoadley of Waterbury, Conn., and lived there and in Walpole, N.H. The Colonial Records of Connecticut (11:191) show that Israel Calkins, late Sergeant in Capt. Ephraim Preston's Company, was taken prisoner 5 Aug. 1757 and transported from Canada to France, but finally reached England in a cartel, and in October, 1758, was "lately returned home."

Judson Family of Stratford and Woodbury, Conn. Silas Judson [No. 314, Vol. 22, p. 239] and his brother Ebenezer [No. 316] settled in 1790 in Brockville, Ontario. Silas married Ruth, daughter of Nathan Eard, and died in 1813. Ebenezer had a son Silas, whose son Lyman was father of Harry Pratt Judson, president of the University of Chicago. Information from Arthur H. Judson, M.D., of Brockville, Canada. —W. Herbert Wood, New Haven, Conn.

Richard Webb of Stamford. Vol. 25, p. 196, top line. Change to read: "Margery, mother [not widow] of Robert Bassett." She was widow of John Bassett. The error was made in editorially rearranging this paragraph.

Richard Smith of Wethersfield. Vol. 25, pp. 133-4. Of the children of Francis Smith [No. 10]:

- iii. Francis, b. at Bolton, 29 Feb. 1715/16, d. at Voluntown, 28 Dec. 1801 in 86th yr. (g.s., Oneco); m. (recorded at Voluntown), 3 Feb. 1742, Rachel Spaulding, b. at Plainfield, Conn., 14 Sept. 1724, dau. of Nathaniel and Joanna.
- vi. Jonathan: his wife Miriam Spaulding, b. ca. 1729, was also dau. of Nathaniel and Joanna.
- x. Ebenezer, b. 18 Feb. 1731/2, d. at Voluntown, 13 Sept. 1823 in 92d yr. (g.s., Oneco); m. Anna —, who d. 20 Aug. 1795 ae. 58-7-25 (g.s.).

—Kendall P. Hayward, Hartford, Conn.

The Terrill Family. Vol. 25, pp. 37-54. Roger Terrill (No. 34, p. 39), bapt. 6 Dec. 1696, removed about 1730 from Milford to Newtown, Conn., and died there s.p. before 1756; he conveyed in 1753 to children of his brother George.

Of the children of Amos [No. 105, p. 45]: Reuben m. Nabby [Abigail] Botsford, dau. of Capt. Elijah and Sarah (Dunning) Botsford, and had an only child, Botsford<sup>6</sup> Terrill, b. 14 Apr. 1795, d. 2 Jan. 1864 (m. Sophia Glover and Julia Glover); Amos, Jr., b. ca. 1765, d. 28 Aug. 1846 ae. 81 (g.s.), m. Salome Botsford, b. 1772, d. 19 June 1820 ae. 48 (g.s.), dau. of Capt. Elijah and Sarah (Dunning) Botsford.

Clues to the origin of Roger Terrill, the immigrant, may be found in the Banks Mss. in the Library of Congress, which mention a Roger Terrill of Wapping (Stepney Parish); also the marriage in 1618 of a Roger Terrill (not the immigrant) to a widow at St. Botolph's Bishopgate, London. --Miss Edna Clark Terrill, New Haven, Conn.

Brouwer Beginnings. Vol. 24, p. 26. In the data on the children of Cornelis Brouwer and Mary Archer, derived in part from the Bergen Genealogy, there is an error in the statement that Sarah Brouwer, born Aug. 30, 1771, married Samuel Pinckerton. He was Samuel Pinckney, son of Samuel Pinckney and his wife, Rachel Verdon. He was baptized 21 Jan. 1770 [Vol. 2, Christ Church, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.]. The Reformed Church of New Hackensack has a record that Samuel Pinckney and Sarah Brouwer, both of Poughkeepsie Precinct, were married 25 Sept. 1789. Samuel Pinckney, Sr., married Rachel Verdon (Perdon), probably daughter of Johannes Verdon and Patience Odell, as the latter were sponsors at the baptism of John Pinckney, son of Samuel and Rachel.

The Marvin Genealogy states that John Pinckney, brother of the Samuel who married Sarah Brouwer, was descended from Philip Pinckney of Eastchester, Westchester County, N.Y., but does not explain how. The writer will welcome information on the family and ancestry of the above Samuel Pinckney, Sr., of Dutchess County.

Robert H. Preston, 301 Maple Ave., Wyncote, Pa.

Some Untraced Dyers. Vol. 22, pp. 210-218. In my article with this title in 1946, I gave as the almost certain children of Henry<sup>3</sup> and Mary (—) Dyer of Lebanon the following:-

Mary<sup>4</sup>, m. Nathaniel Loomis of Lebanon;

Anne<sup>4</sup>, m. Noah Phelps of Hebron;

Henry<sup>4</sup>, d. 1753, of Lebanon, m. (1) Mary

Royce, (2) Martha —;

(probably) Jonas<sup>4</sup>, bapt. at Rehoboth, "son of Henry Dyre";

(possibly) Elisha<sup>4</sup>, d. 1759, of Stafford; m. Mary —.

I have recently proved that the four who married did belong to one family group. A Court Order dated Oct. 2, 1759, orders that the estate of Elisha be distributed to the heirs of Henry Dyre dec'd, to Ann Phelps, and to Mary

Loomis, "to each an equal share."

The name Jonas or Jonah was handed down in the families of both Anne and Mary, so the conclusion is reasonable that he was a brother who died young.

I have also found this last year the answer to a puzzle, why Anne<sup>2</sup> (Hutchinson) Dyer-Vernon, mother of the "untraced" Dyers, left nothing in her will to her son Edward, daughter Anne Clark, or the four daughters of her son Nathaniel, deceased. In the Paine Records at Providence, one of the authorities cited in my article, there is a note, overlooked in my previous search, that Nathaniel may have been a brother, not a son, of Samuel<sup>2</sup>. The date of Nathaniel's marriage, 1688, makes this seem unlikely, but if true of course explains the omission of Nathaniel's heirs in Anne's will. The will itself is recorded in Town Council Records, 1714-1719, pp. 116-118, and more is given in it than in Austin's account. It includes mention of a note from Edward for £100 with interest, dated July 16, 1705, and a mortgage deed dated Apr. 7, 1706 from Cary Clark, husband of her daughter Anne. Probably Anne<sup>2</sup> felt that Edward and Anne already had received their shares.

Finally, I found in the large Newport cemetery the graves of Samuel<sup>3</sup> and wife Mary. The face of Samuel's stone is mostly crumbled away, but Mary's is plainly legible. The two stones are by themselves but directly in front of a group of Thurstons. Was Mary possibly a Thurston? The mother Anne is also buried in this cemetery. I was much surprised to find a long, narrow Vernon plot enclosed on three sides by cypress trees, on the fourth by the iron boundary fence of the cemetery. In a corner by this fence are buried Anne with her husband Daniel Vernon and their two Vernon children. The plot is beautifully kept, and the inscriptions on the stones as plain as if recently cut.

—Helen Stark, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fearse-Tucker-Tabor. Daniel<sup>2</sup> Fearse (John) of Prudence Island, R.I., married second, at Portsmouth, Dec. 13, 1703, Elizabeth somebody. According to Austin, she was a Tucker, but according to Arnold a Tabor. I have examined the original entry, and while the surname is not too clear, after comparing the writing with other entries made by Giles Slocum, the Assistant who married this couple, I decided the name should be read Tucker.

As it has recently been stated in print that the name is "unquestionably Tabor," I submitted a photostatic copy of the record to Mr. Donald L. Jacobus. He writes, "The name is written Taker, probably meaning Tucker, or just possibly Tooker. It is definitely not written Tabor."

—Helen Stark, Philadelphia, Pa.

William Smith of Jamaica. Vol. 25, p. 75. Samuel<sup>2</sup> Smith (No. 10) married Rachel Marvin, daughter of Matthew<sup>1</sup> Marvin by his second wife, Alice (——) Bouton. Miss Betty C. Lamb called our attention to the slip we made in stating the name of Rachel's mother as Mary.

—D. L. J.

#### RECENT BOOKS

Descendants of Joseph Francis of Maryland and Virginia. By L. M. Dickson. Montezuma, Iowa. 165 p. plus 15 lettered pages of addenda, plus unnumbered pages of preface and complete name index. Cloth-bound, litho-printed.

The book deals with descendants of Joseph Francis, born about 1742, of Maryland and Virginia, whose origin is unknown. Separate chapters are devoted to the descendants of each of his many children, and they have been traced with great thoroughness and the material is well arranged. At the end are miscellaneous Francis records, and accounts of the families of Nathaniel Harris and William Garton, both of Cumberland County, N.J. Many additional Francis records are given in the Addenda.

Francis legends are included, relating to the origin of the founder of this Francis family, but great care has been taken to state as fact only what has been established by authentic records. The research, as well as the lithotyping and binding, are to be commended.

Index to Early Records of the Town of Providence. By Richard LeBaron Bowen. Rhode Island Historical Society, Providence, 1949. Cloth, 97 plus xii p.

This is a consolidated index of the persons named in the early printed records of Providence (a set of twenty-one volumes) with the exception of Vols. XVIII and XIX, followed by a similar index of places. These are followed by an index to the printed Vols. XVIII and XIX, which contain North Burial Ground records and are not a part of the early town records. A valuable appendix lists the families included in Austin's Genealogical Dictionary, those on which Mr. G. Andrews Moriarty has published new or corrective data in The American Genealogist, and also those Rhode Island families on which notes and articles have appeared in several periodicals.

Each of the printed record volumes contains a name index, but with the exception of one volume the surnames are printed just as they appear in each record entry. Since the early scribes allowed themselves unrestrained latitude in the spelling of names, this means that the

unfortunate student had to look for every conceivable spelling of a name or risk missing some of the entries. Hence Mr. Bowen's consolidated index, in addition to the usual benefits and saving of time inherent in such consolidation, is a boon to the harried student. It lists all entries under the standard spellings of each surname and the variant spellings, though included, merely refer the user to the standard spellings. The present reviewer, never having been an admirer of the verbatim-mad type of scholarship, feels like throwing his hat in the air and proposing three rams and a tiger for Mr. Bowen. When an indexer really knows his subject, as Mr. Bowen does, there is no need to be over-meticulous at the expense of practical considerations.

The appendix, though brief, will make this volume of prime reference importance to students of Rhode Island history and genealogy.

The preface contains interesting matter and should be read with attention by those who expect to make wide use of the index. The date table facing the beginning of the main index may aid the searcher by eliminating the necessity of consulting volumes not in the date range of his specific search.

One statement in the preface (p. vii) seems a trifle too positive, in reference to the towns of New England: "All other towns were integral parts of the colony in which they were first established, while Providence, originally a town founded by Roger Williams in 1636, did not become part of a colony until 19 Mar. 1643/4...." The three Connecticut River towns, founded in 1635, were without a central government until Massachusetts Bay granted a commission for their government in March, 1636, which was to expire at the end of a year, at which time they appear to have elected "committees" (later called deputies) to a General Court, a system formalized and expanded with the adoption of the "Fundamental Orders" in 1639. A more outstanding exception is provided by New Haven (founded 1637), Guilford (1639), Milford (1639-40), etc., which were not integral parts of any colony when they were first established, since they did not combine into the colonial "jurisdiction" of New Haven until 1643.

Nevertheless, we do not dispute Mr. Bowen as to the unique quality of the Providence records, since the first volume of New Haven Colony records is irrevocably lost, and the volume mistakenly so styled is actually (with the exception of two entries) no more than the earliest volume of "plantation" or town records.

A List of the Early Settlers of Georgia. Edited by E. Merton Coulter and Albert B. Saye. The University of Georgia Press, Athens, 1949. Cloth, 103 plus xiv p. \$4.00.

Two alphabetical lists of early settlers, the first of persons who went from Europe to Georgia at the expense of the Trustees for Establishing the Colony of Georgia, the second of those who went at their own expense. Age, occupation, and many other details are included. Nearly half of those sent by the Trustees came from western Germany and Switzerland, and over half were English. Among those who came at their own charge, were a number of Scots and Jews. The two lists, inclusive of children, embrace nearly 3,000 persons. The occupations of the heads of families are totaled in the preface.

The lists are among the Egmont manuscripts now owned by the University of Georgia. On the basis of handwriting and other considerations, they are attributed to the first Earl of Egmont, President of the Trustees.

The information in the lists will be of great value to historians and genealogists.

The date of the manuscript list may be 1743, though some entries were made or added as late as the end of 1746. The editors state: "The fact that many of the dates in the manuscript are written in a style devised to prevent confusion of Old and New Style reckoning, for example, the entry '10 Jan. 1735-6,' cannot be regarded as evidence that the manuscript was written after 1752." Certainly that statement is sufficiently cautious. The manuscript was obviously written either before the calendar change became effective in 1752, or thereafter but based on memoranda written before that date. The reviewer feels that the editors did not make a particularly happy choice in quoting from the Handbook of British Chronology to explain the effects of the calendar change: "The adoption of the Gregorian calendar of course affected the month-date, according to the point at which superfluous days were omitted, and also the year-date if the events concerned happened between 1 January and 25 March." The year date was affected as stated, but if "according to the point at which superfluous days were omitted" has any meaning at all, this writer is unable to surmise what it is. The superfluous days were omitted just once, in September 1752, the date when the calendar change became effective. The numbering of the months was affected after January became the first instead of the eleventh month of the year, but month-dates were not affected unless one tries to translate dates prior to 3 Sept. 1752 into the corresponding New Style dates, a procedure which most modern scholars disapprove.



Of course if one does wish to convert Old Style dates into their New Style equivalents, one adds eleven days (for dates after 1700), and the last eleven days of each month are thrown into the subsequent month. Possibly that is what the obscure passage quoted from the Hand-book is intended to convey.

The digression is too long for the importance of the subject. It is this writer's opinion that the list may have been compiled in 1743, perhaps with later additions, and certainly before 1752. The University of Georgia is deserving of gratitude for making the material available in this handsome book.

#### ALICE AND REBECCA HAND

By Genevieve Tylee Kiepora, of Soledad, California

John Hand, an original proprietor of East Hampton, L. I., died in 1660, leaving a widow Alice who married second, Captain Codner of Lyme, Conn. It has been stated that Alice was a sister of Josiah Stanborough. That claim apparently is based on a Court record in which John Hand and his wife Alice called Josiah Stanborough "brother" and John Hand, Jr., called Josiah "uncle." [East Hampton Town Records.]

Josiah Stanborough granted Hezekiah Usher of Boston, a power of attorney to collect rents in Banbury, given and bequeathed to him by his father Wm. Stanborough, late of Canons Ashby, in Northamptonshire [Aspinwall's Notarial Record]. The will of William Stanborough, of Canons Ashby, Northants., 1647, named his son Josiah Stanborough and his daughter Mary Raynsford, and Mary's husband Robert Raynsford was to be residuary legatee [New England Hist. and Gen. Register, 63:166]. Note that there was no mention of a daughter Alice.

Court records show that Josiah's first wife was Frances, the daughter of Henry and Alice Gransden of Tunbridge, Kent—"bequeathed to sd Frances by will...were also descendable to Joan, Alice, Ann, Mary, Frances, Samuel [Sarah?] and Martha" [Lechford's Notebook].

Henry Gransden and Alice Hatcher, widow, were married 12 June 1609. From Tunbridge Parish Registers:

1612, Jan. 29:	Henry, s. of Henry Gransden, bur.	
1613, Nov. 28:	Alice, da. of " "	bp.
1614, Feb. 5:	Ann, da. of " "	bp. (1614/15)
1616, Dec. 21:	Mary, da. of Mr. Henry Gransden,	bp.
1618, Nov. 22:	Frances, da. of Mr. " "	bp.
1620, Aug. 10:	Sarah, da. of Mr. " "	bp.
1622, Aug. 13:	Martha, da. of Mr. " "	bp.

1623, Oct. 26: Mr. Henry Gransden bur.

1634, Jan. 29: John, son of John Hand, bp.

Widow Alice Gransden was buried at Westminster (Cloisters) 10 Sept. 1645. Adm. of Estate granted to daughter Mary Goodwyn.

A deed of exchange between John Hand, Jr., and his mother, Dec. 3, 1663, described her holdings as "in Old England at Tunbridge and Ashford in Rootan, Kent."

So we see that John Hand and the Gransdens came from Tunbridge, where John Hand, Jr., was born; that Frances (Gransden) Stanborough had a sister Alice; and that the two sisters married Josiah Stanborough and John Hand who, according to custom, called themselves "brothers." The following record proves that there was an Alice (Gransden) Hand:

Archaeologica Cantiana—Kentish Administrations, p. 25: Folio 14, Estate: James Gransden of Hackington, Kent. Adm. to Alice Hand, alias Gransden, next of kin. 20 Sept. 1636.

Conclusion: The wife of John<sup>1</sup> Hand was Alice Gransden.

Diligent search of Long Island and Connecticut records fails to show that John Hand, Jr., ever married. Steiner's History of Guilford, Savage (quoting Steiner), the Meigs Family History, History of Wyoming Valley, and Mary Walton Ferris (Dawes-Gates Ancestral Lines)—to cite a few—all claim that John Hand, Jr., married, and the usual statement is that his wife was Rebecca, daughter of William Bushnell of Saybrook. But in no case has documentary proof been adduced.

In 1686 there was a land grant from the Indians in which was named, among others, "the widow of John Hand." This widow has been claimed as the wife of John, Jr., but Hedge's History of East Hampton (Appendix, p. 286) states that John, Jr., died in 1687, and if so, he could not have had a widow in 1686. A letter from the East Hampton Library (Pennypacker, L.I., Historical Collection), written by Miss Grace Isham Farwell, Research Librarian, states that the land distribution of 1686 relating to the deed from the Indians for land at Montauk "was given, among others, to the widow of the first John—Alice—later Mrs. Codner. This land was purchased by a Board of Trustees in trust for 17 proprietors holding common shares in it at £5 a share. It was used largely for cattle, sheep and fishing needs. Later it was sold to one man, Arthur Benson, and resold many times over." There are no probate or land records of the Estate of John Hand, Jr., and Miss Farwell continues: "Whether John's mother, now Mrs. Codner, outlived him or not, I cannot trace. It would seem any

remaining share of his father's estate, not already sold, would go to the other children after John's death."

Mr. Donald L. Jacobus, who has made some independent study of the Hand family, says: "I have seen no proof of marriage or children for John Hand, Jr."

Therefore, lacking a marriage or probate record, births of children in vital or church records, or a record of his land having been inherited by anyone, it is the writer's opinion that John Hand, Jr., never married and that Rebecca Bushnell was not his wife.

The will of Stephen<sup>2</sup> Hand, probated 1693, named his wife Rebecca, sons Stephen, Joseph and Samuel, and mentioned "five daughters" (unnamed). Stephen died at East Hampton, L.I.

In 1690, Alice Hand married William Shipman of Saybrook, and among her four sons was a Stephen—no John.

In 1694, Rebecca, daughter of Rebecca (Bushnell) Hand of Guilford, married John Meigs of Guilford and had a son Stephen.

Nov. 30, 1696, "Abigail Hand of Guilford, daughter of Stephen Hand, married Jacob Griswold." [Guilford Vital Records.]

I suggest that the three marriages above were those of three of the unnamed daughters of Stephen's will and that the last two were living at Guilford with their mother, Rebecca (Bushnell) Hand.

In 1683 Rebecca Bushnell was called Rebecca Hand in New London Court Records, but the entry does not state her husband's name. In 1710 Rebecca Hand is listed as an heir of William Bushnell in the distribution of Hebron land, but her name does not appear on the Hebron Land Records, although the names of her brothers are there. It is probable that Rebecca sold her interest to her brothers. There seems to be no death record for Rebecca Hand in East Hampton or Guilford, or in the index to Connecticut Vital Statistics at Hartford.

Conclusion: Having no documentary proof of a marriage of John Hand, Jr., and having ample proof that Stephen Hand's wife was Rebecca, the writer concludes that Rebecca (Bushnell) Hand was the wife of Stephen<sup>2</sup> Hand.

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OF THIS AND THAT

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Two volumes of The American Genealogist have now been completed by the lithoprinting process. Your Editor believes that progress has been made and that some improvement may be seen. Further improvements are possible, but some of them entail certain disadvantages as well. A different spacing can be made on the typewriters used in typing the master copy for the magazine, which would introduce a bit more space between the lines which would make them easier to read in addition to improving the appearance of the page. However, that results in fewer lines to the page, and consequently less material printed in the regular 64 pages of each issue. It has been our aim to continue giving subscribers as much genealogical data in the same number of pages, as we did through the many years when the magazine was set up in type and printed in the ordinary way.

The number of names in the annual name index indicates that we have been successful in attaining that objective. Attention is again called to the fact that high printing costs have caused nearly all periodicals to increase their rates from 33% to 300%. Most of the nationally known magazines now retail at double, or more than double, the pre-war price. Our periodical is selling at the same price as it did in 1932 and in 1940; and it remains essentially the same in quality and quantity. While not entirely satisfied with the present solution, we nevertheless feel that it has enabled us to achieve this truly remarkable record.

One issue in the last volume was experimental and brought us considerable comment, mostly favorable. That was the "Smith Issue" which contained 80 instead of the usual 64 pages. We should like, in this volume or the next, to bring out a "Spencer Issue." A great deal of material has been collected, but lack of time and funds has caused postponement. In addition to the English Spencer material, Mr. Clarence A. Torrey has obtained a great deal of information relating to the family of the mother of William, Thomas, Gerard and Michael Spencer. Notes of the late Homer W. Brainard on the early Spencers have been offered, and the Editor (himself a descendant) has collected a great deal on the early generations from original record sources in New England.

Further research is needed, however, and the present situation of (and demands on) the Editor are such that he will be unable to complete the research and donate the time to prepare the large accumulations of material already available, unless interested descendants can contribute from \$100. to \$200. to this joint undertaking.

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